

Basic Materials Conference | Longbow Research

March 1, 2016 New York, NY www.martinmarietta.com



Disclaimer

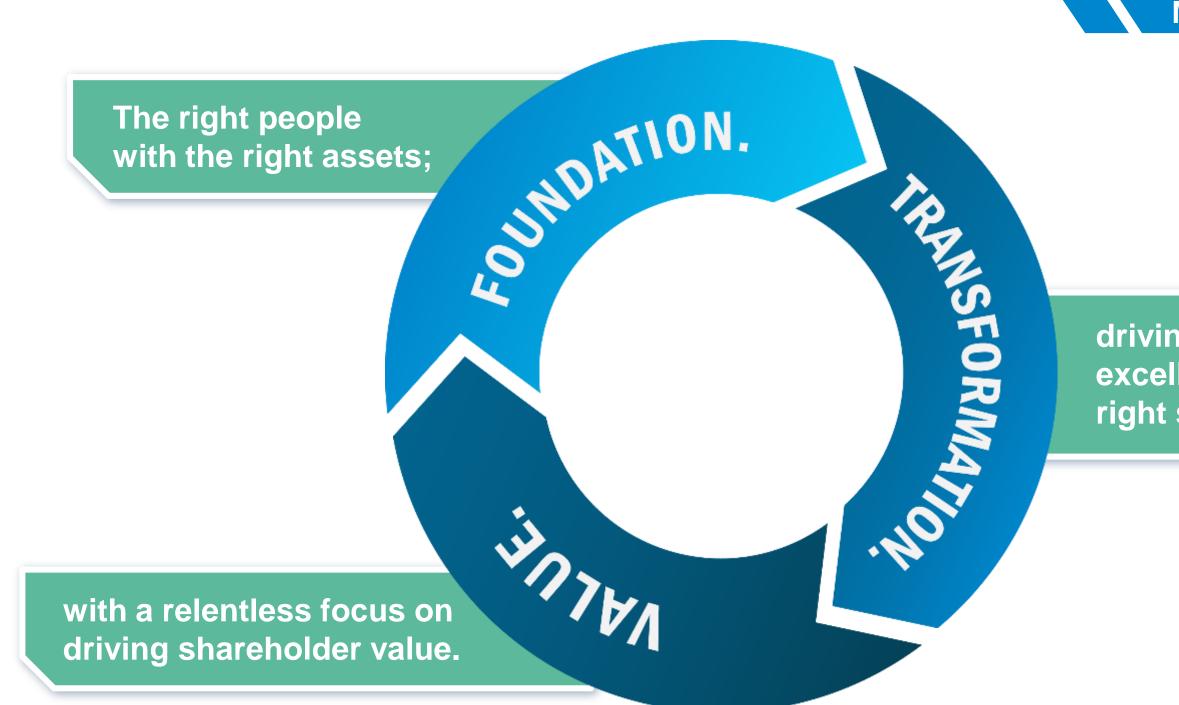
Statement Regarding Safe Harbor for Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation may contain forward-looking statements – that is, information related to future, not past, events. Like other businesses, Martin Marietta is subject to risks and uncertainties which could cause its actual results to differ materially from its projections or that could cause forward-looking statements to prove incorrect, including the risks and uncertainties discussed in Martin Marietta's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K, which have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and are readily available on the Internet at <u>www.sec.gov</u>. Except as legally required, Martin Marietta undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether resulting from new information, future developments or otherwise.

Non-GAAP Financial Terms

These slides contain certain "non-GAAP financial terms" which are defined in the Appendix. Reconciliations of non-GAAP terms to the closest GAAP term are also provided in the Appendix.







MARTIN MARIETTA

driving operational excellence against the right strategic plan;



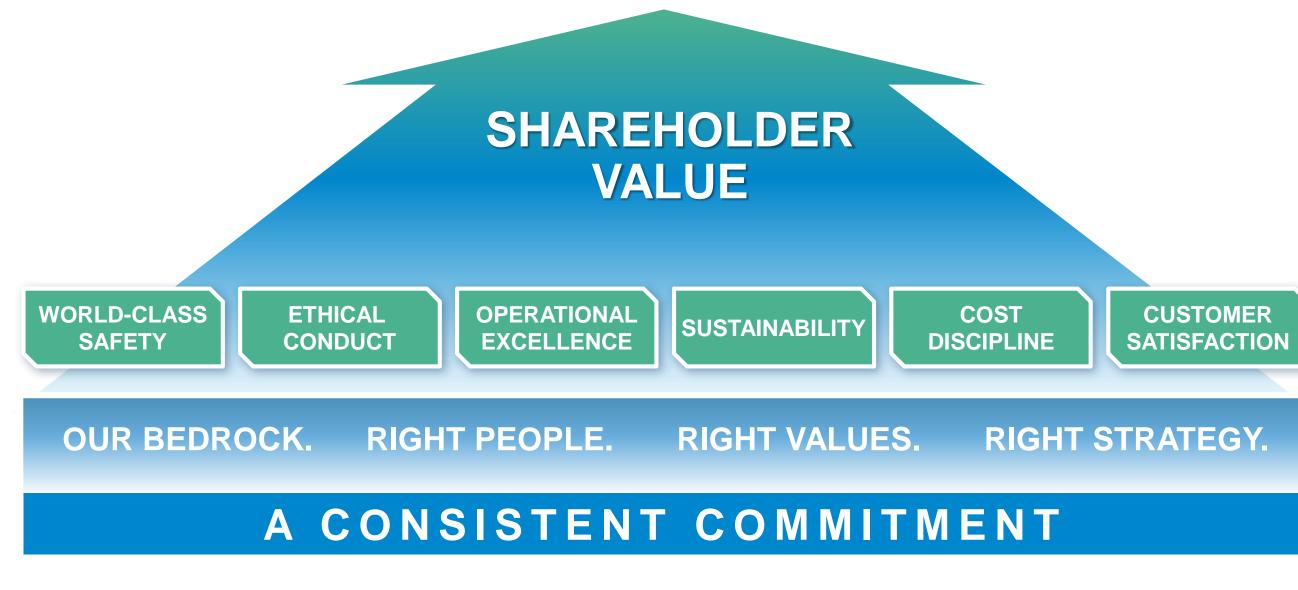
TRANSFORMATION

VALUE





Pillars of Shareholder Value

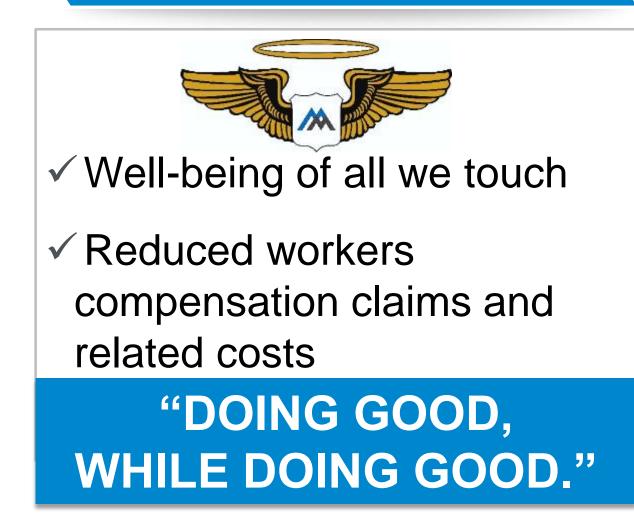




FOUNDATION

World-Class Safety

WORLD-CLASS SAFETY DRIVES...



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4.0	Gen	eral Indu	istry ²
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3.0	_		
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¹ Total Incident Injury Rate per 200,000 man hours worked.
² Reported as of 12.31.14 by BLS. Latest available data.
³ Reported as of 10.31.15 by MSHA for the Aggregates Industry and Martin Marietta.



FOUNDATION



Sustainability





FOUNDATION

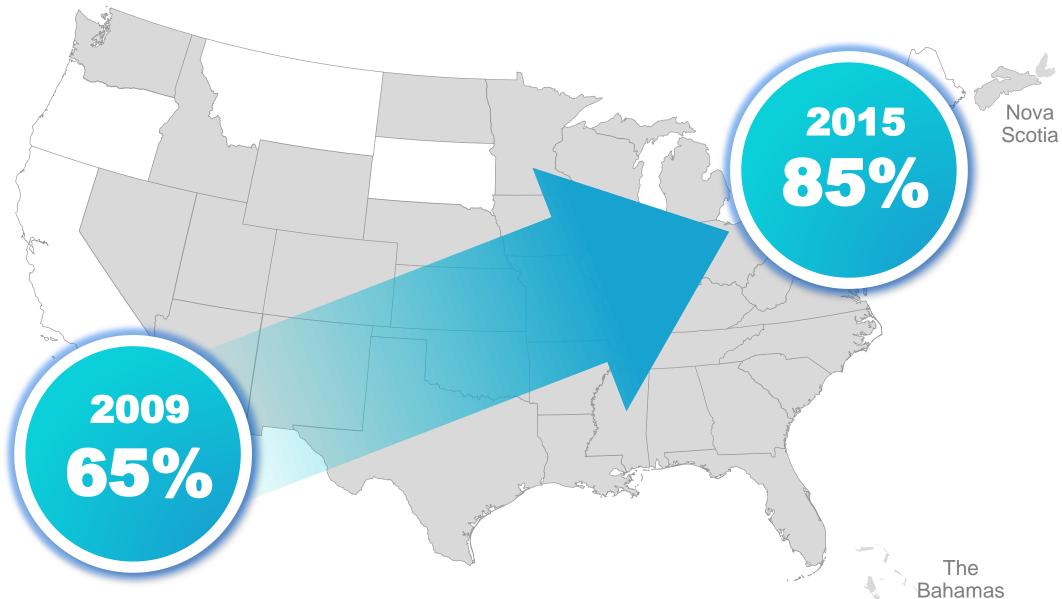
FOUNDATION







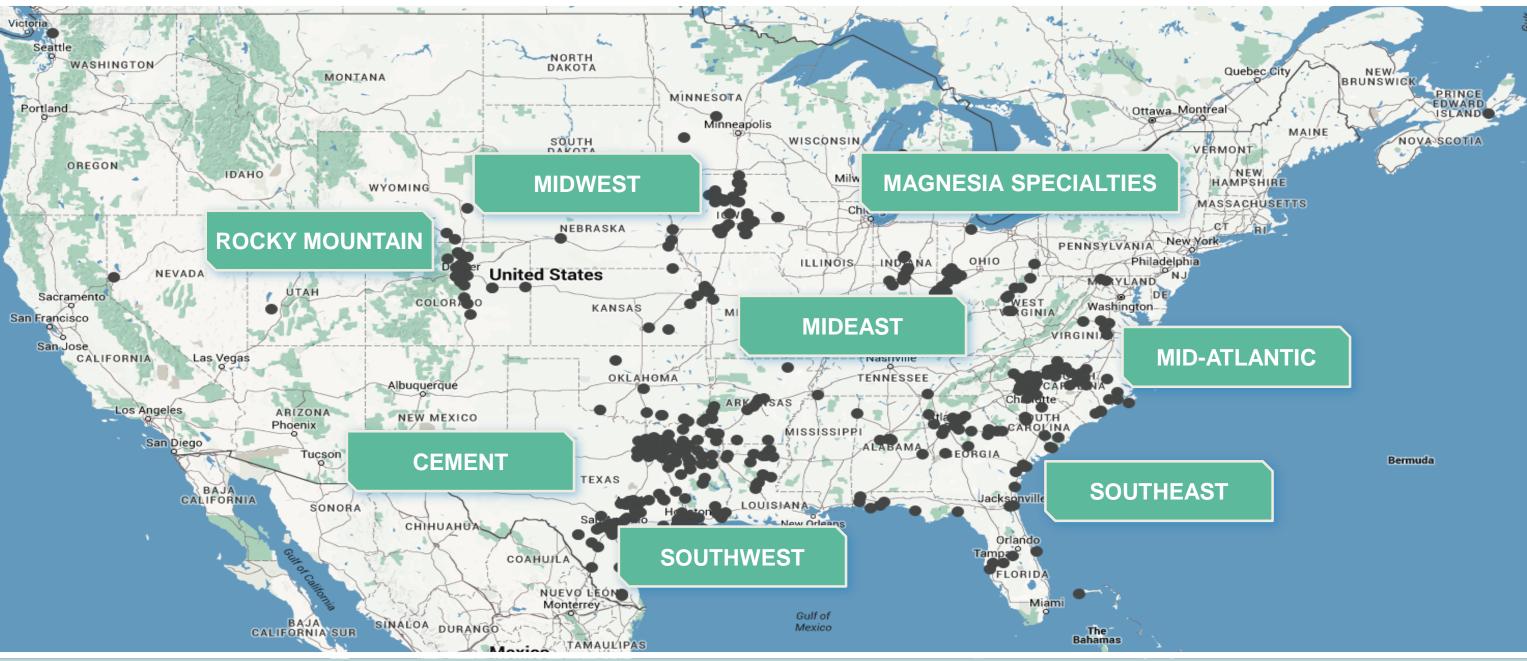
Where Is Martin Marietta Today?



Note: Shaded areas represent MLM production states. Magnesia Specialties (Michigan) excluded.

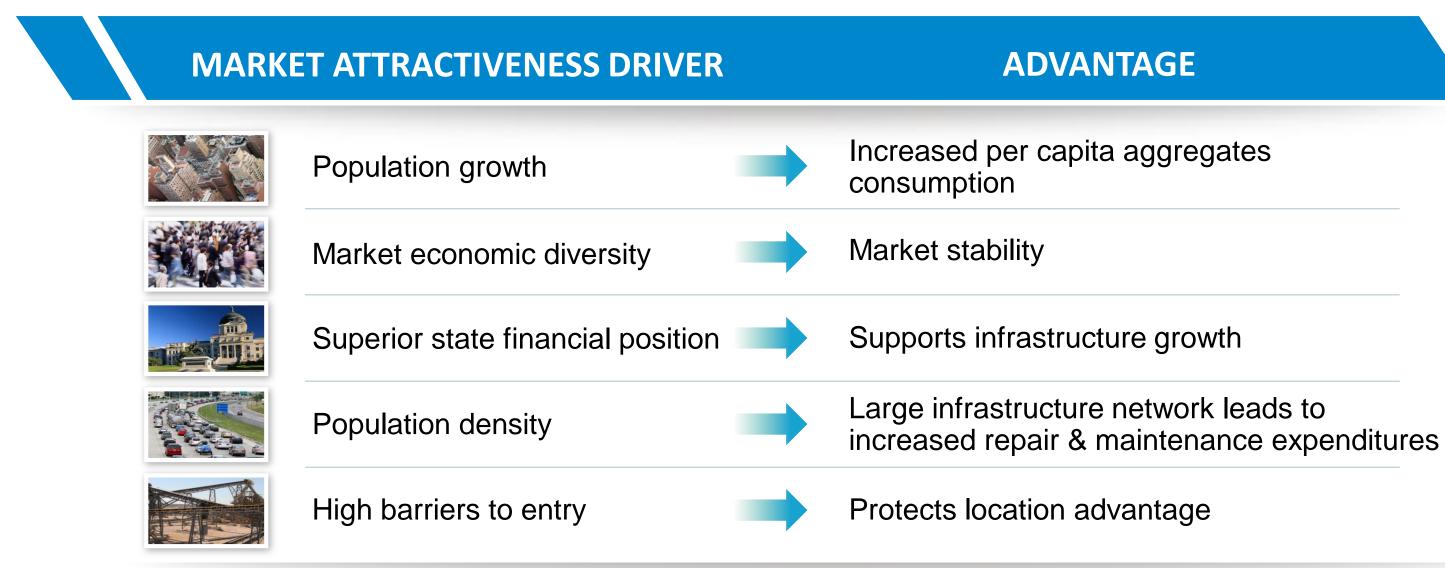


Geography Matters





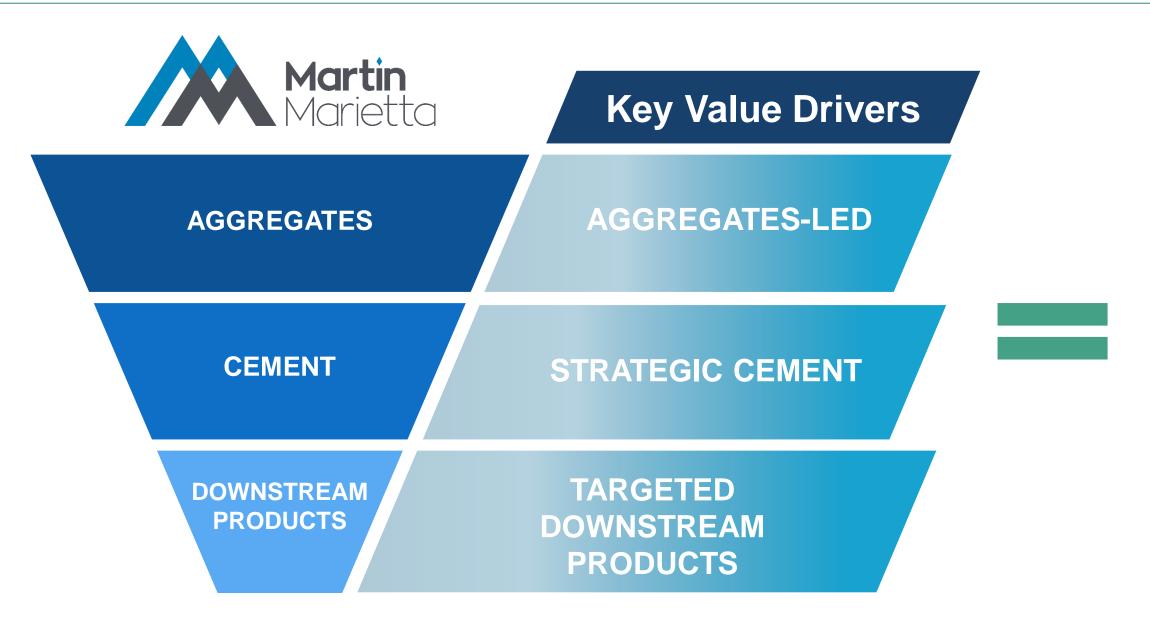
Where You are Matters







Aligning Key Value Drivers





TRANSFORMATION

EXPANDED PLATFORM FOR GROWTH

FOUNDATION TRANSFORMATION

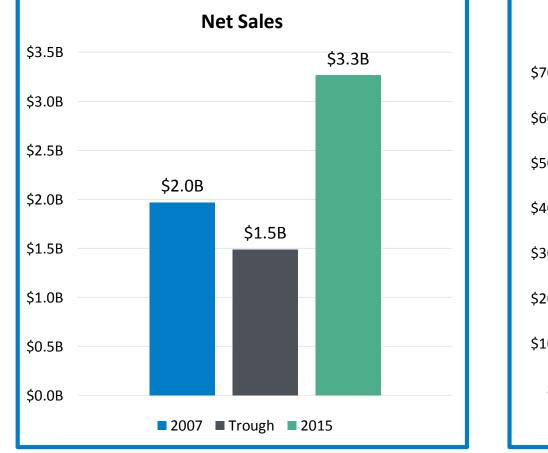


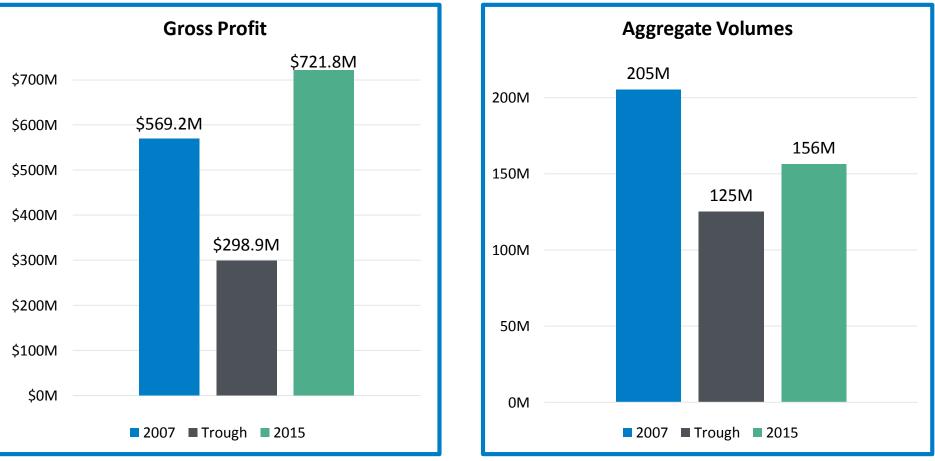




Full-Year 2015 Record Consolidated Operating Results

- Record net sales of \$3.3 billion
- Record gross profit of \$721.8 million
- Record net sales and gross profits with <u>less than 75%</u> of peak volumes



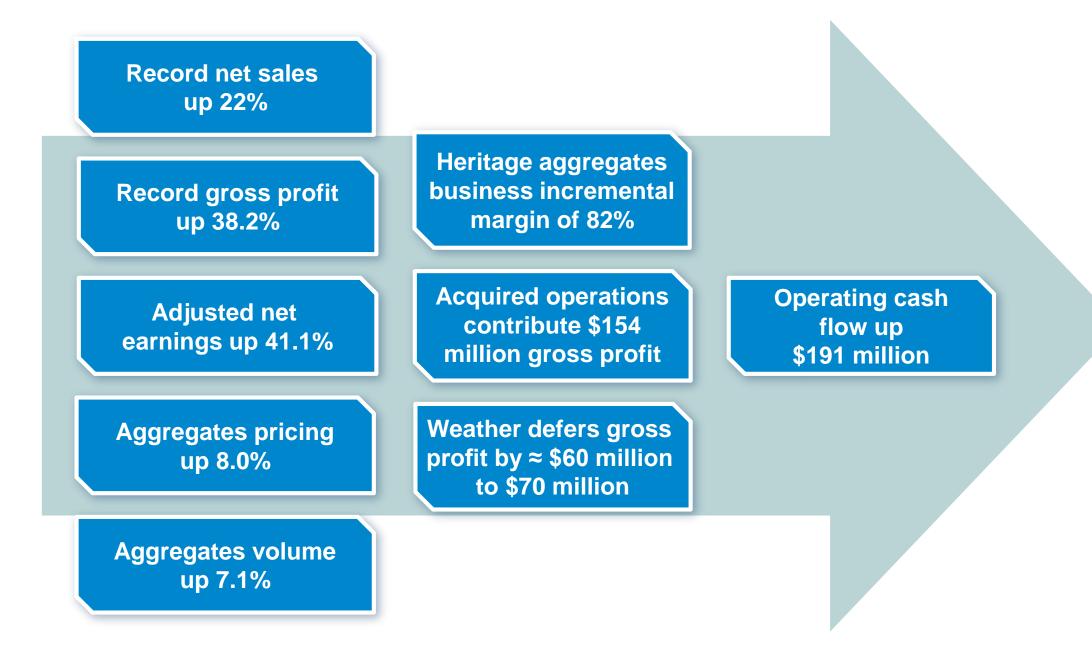








Consistent Commitment Yields Record 2015 Results





VALUE

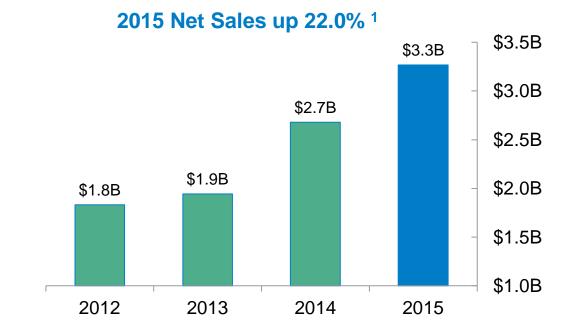


CAPITAL EXPENDITURES & ACQUISITIONS \$361 million

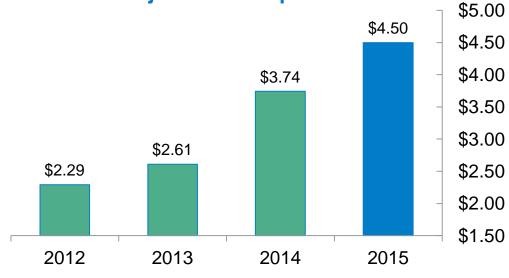


RETURN OF CASH TO SHAREHOLDERS \$630 million

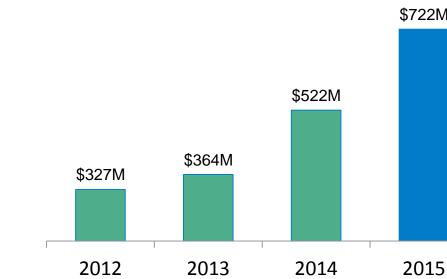
Full-Year 2015 Record Consolidated Operating Results



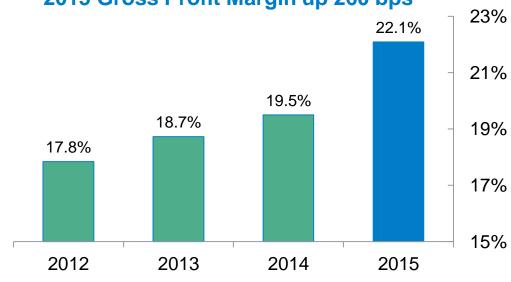
2015 Adjusted EPS up 20.3% ¹







2015 Gross Profit Margin up 260 bps ¹



¹ Represents full-year 2015 growth percentage as compared to full-year 2014.





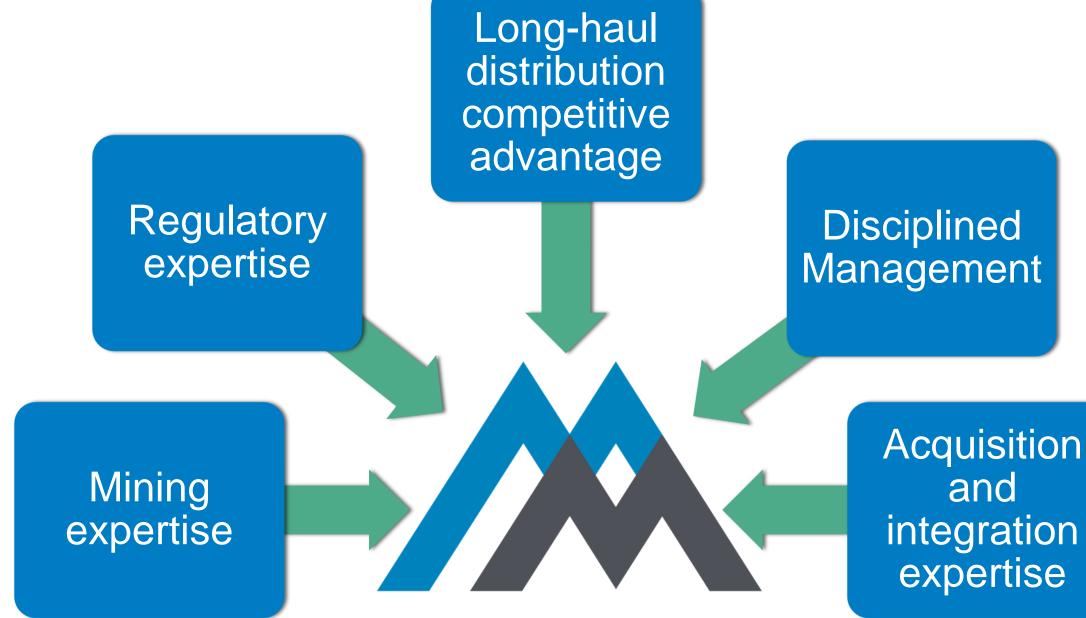


2M	٦	\$800M
_1V1	_	\$700M
	_	\$600M
	_	\$500M
	_	\$400M
	_	\$300M
		\$200M

\$700M
\$600M
\$500M
\$400M
\$300M
\$200M



Core Competencies Drive Forward Value Growth









2016 Outlook by End Market

Infrastructure	 State initiatives to finance projects, including support from TIFIA, are expected to grow. Modest growth expected as new monies begin to flow into the system, particularly in the second half of the year. 	+	GROM Mid-si
Nonresidential	 Both the heavy industrial and heavy commercial sectors expected to increase. Energy-related economic activity will be mixed with overall strength in downstream activity. 	+	High-s
Residential	 Housing permits up double-digit in 2015, indicating further future gains in housing construction. Florida, Texas, Colorado, Georgia and North Carolina, each rank in the top-ten states for housing starts. 	÷	Doubl
ChemRock/Rail	 Ballast construction dependent. 		Relati mode





OWTH RATE

-single digits

h-single digits

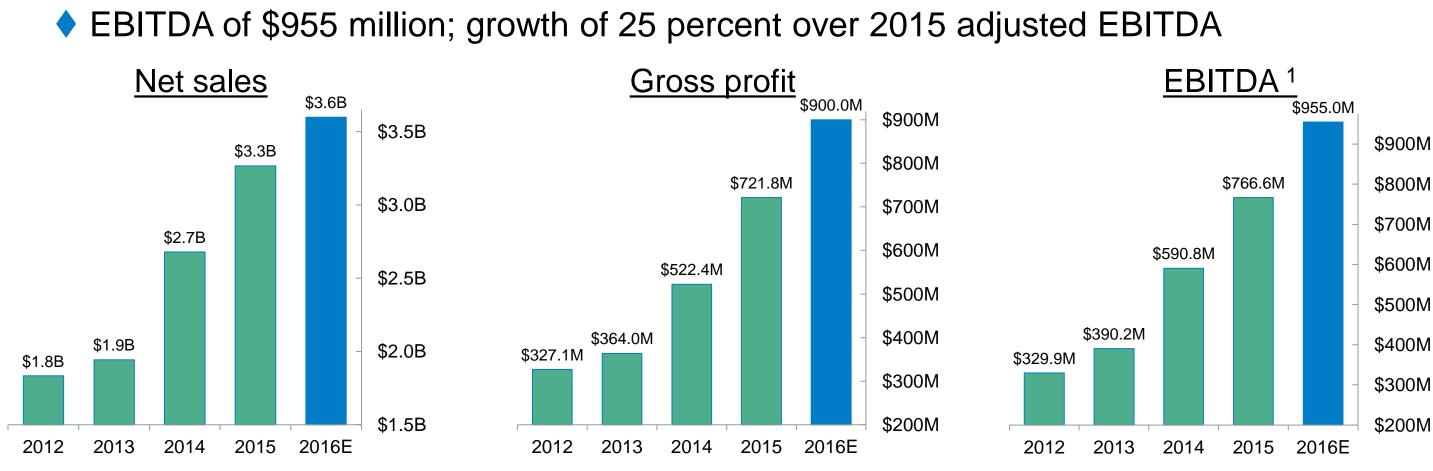
uble-digits

atively flat to destly down

2016 Outlook

Based on the midpoint of 2016 guidance:

- Net sales of \$3.6 billion; growth of 10 percent year-over-year
- Gross profit of \$900 million; growth of 25 percent year-over-year



¹ As reported adjusted EBITDA is presented for 2014 and 2015.

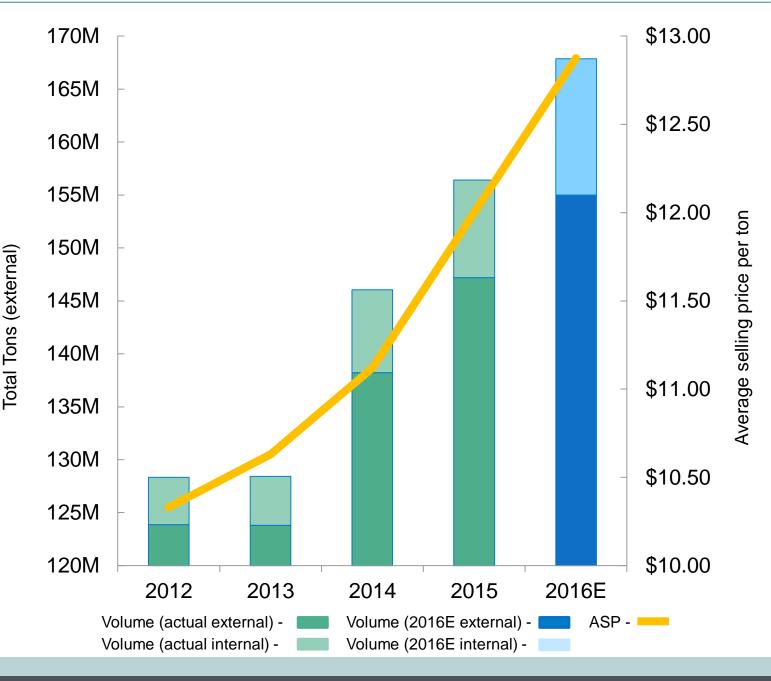




2016 Outlook – Total Aggregates Product Line

Based on the midpoint of 2016 guidance:

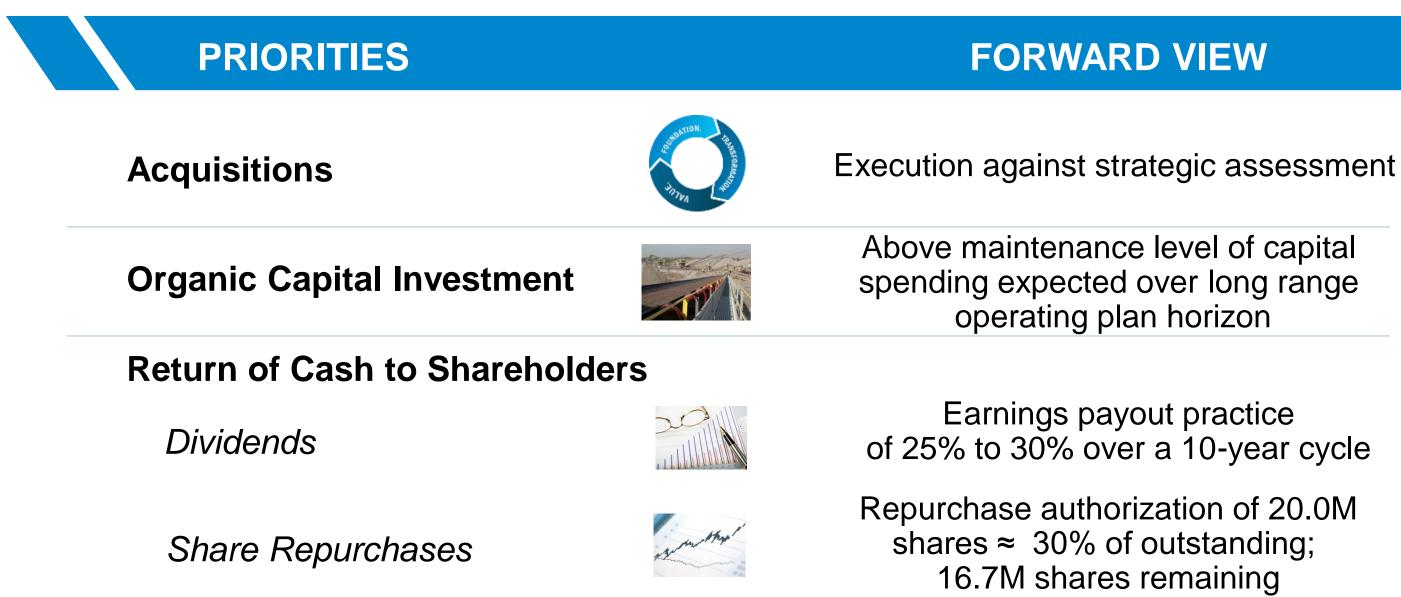
- External volumes of 156 million tons; growth of 6.0 percent year-over-year
- Total external volumes 23 percent below prior peak volumes of 203 million tons
- Average selling price of \$12.88; growth of 7.3 percent over 2015
- Net sales of \$2.0 billion; growth of 11.5 percent year-over-year
- Gross profit of \$585 million; growth of 25.3 percent year-over-year





VALUE

Capital Allocation Priorities







Five Questions Through the Cycle





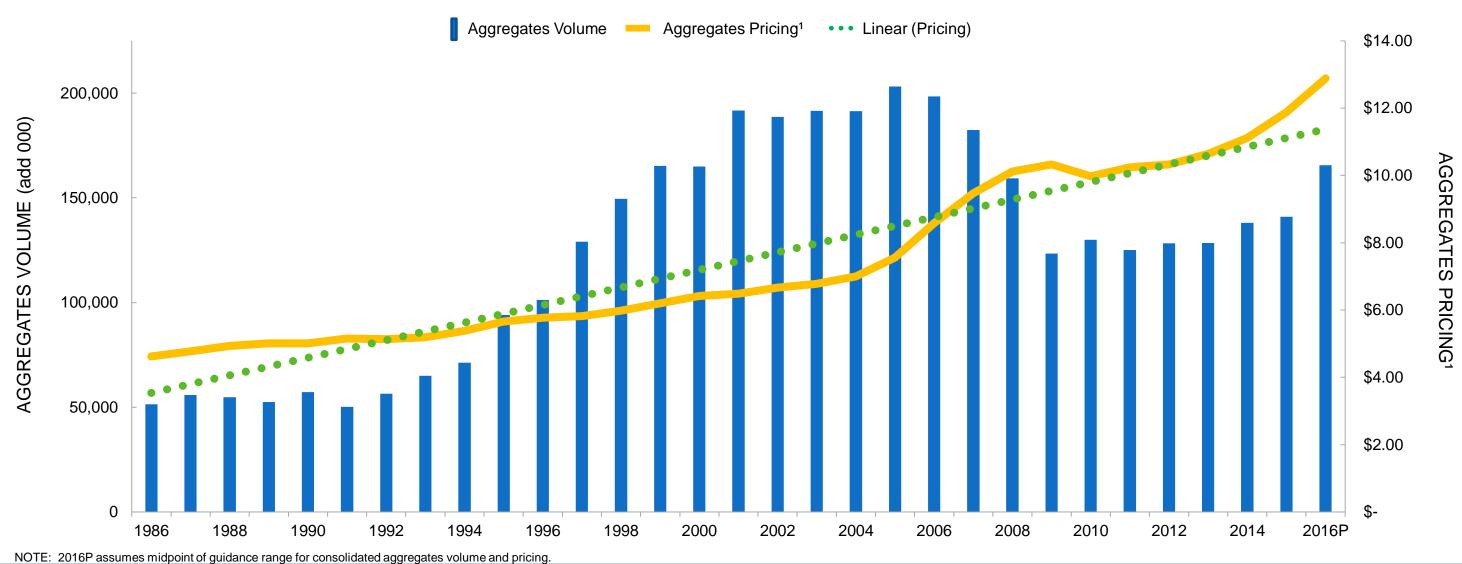
Q1: What are Martin Marietta's expectations for aggregates price and volume?





Cycle Dynamics – Pricing

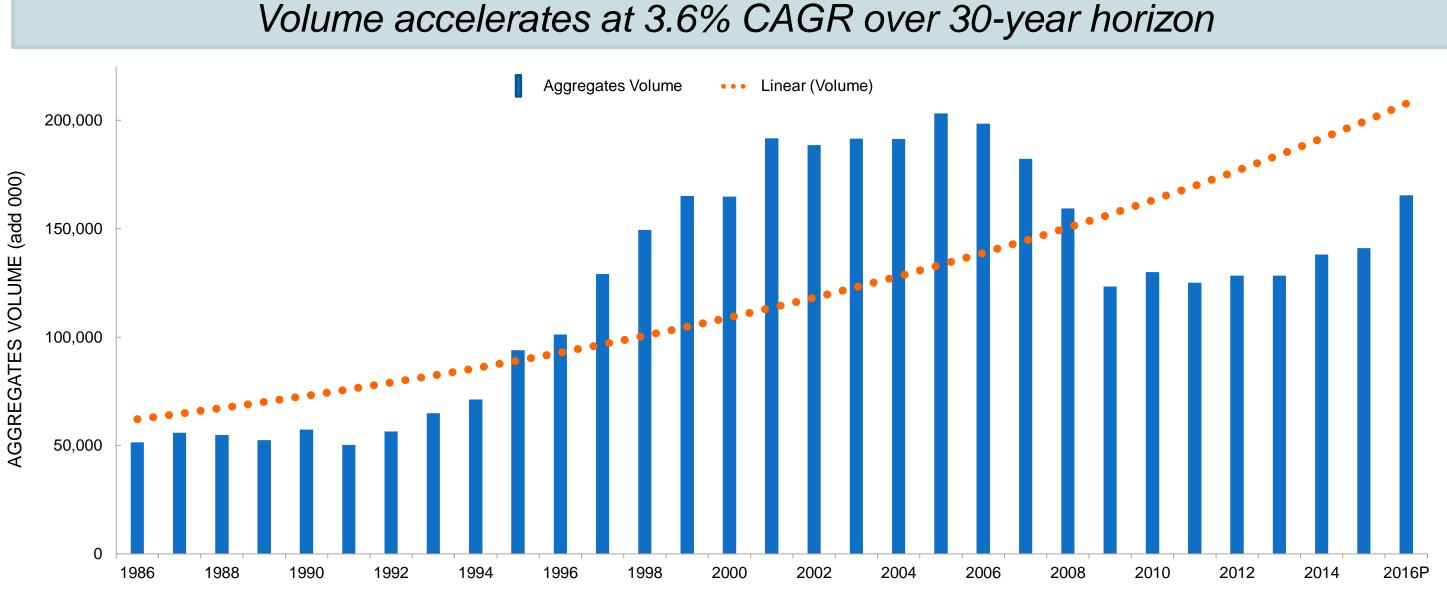
Pricing accelerates at 4% CAGR over 30-year horizon



¹ Selling price is established locally at the point of sale and is subject to specific factors at each locality. Pricing reflects the average of the Corporation's selling price across all regions. Local prices can vary significantly from this average.



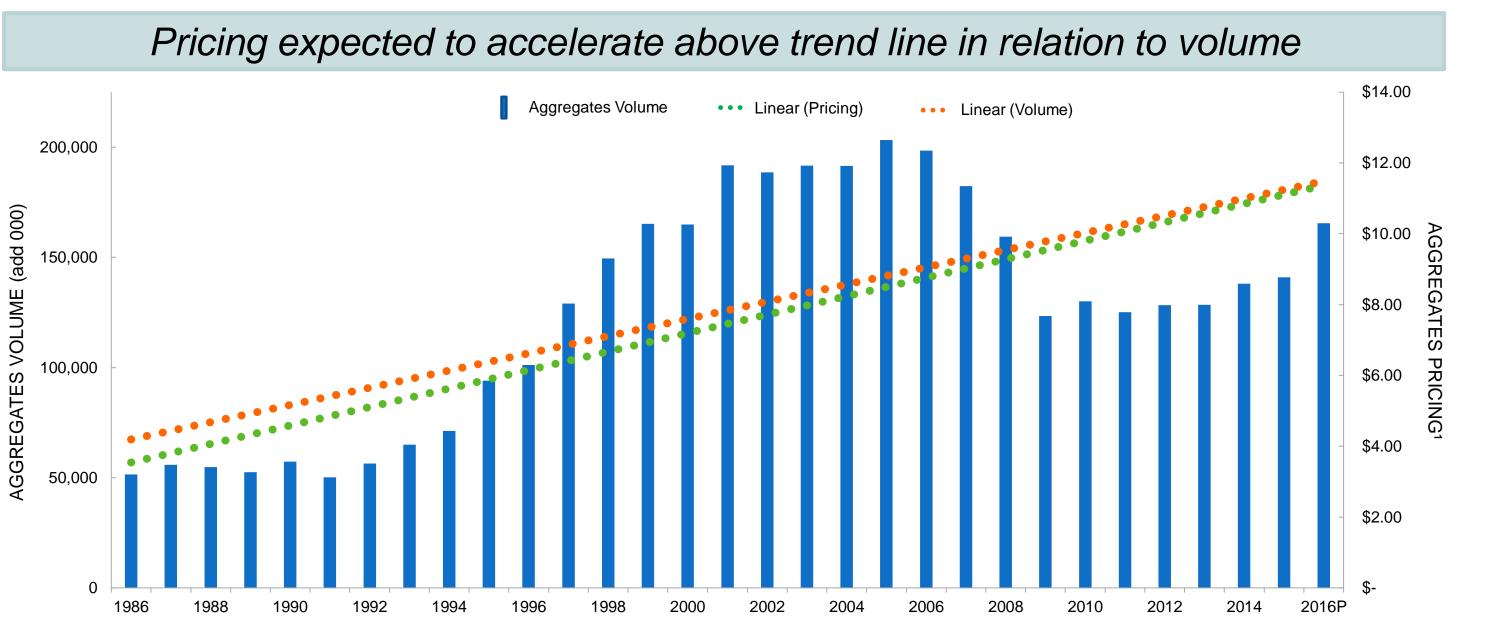
Cycle Dynamics – Heritage Aggregates Volume



NOTE: 2016P assumes midpoint of guidance range for consolidated aggregates volume and pricing



Cycle Dynamics – Volume and Price Relationship



NOTE: 2016P assumes midpoint of guidance range for consolidated aggregates volume and pricing. ¹ Selling price is established locally at the point of sale and is subject to specific factors at each locality. Pricing reflects the average of the Corporation's selling price across all regions. Local prices can vary significantly from this average.



Q2: What do end market demand drivers look like?





End Market Dynamics Drive Growth

Infrastructure

- Passage of federal highway bill provides multiyear visibility
- Growth enhanced from state-level programs

Non-residential

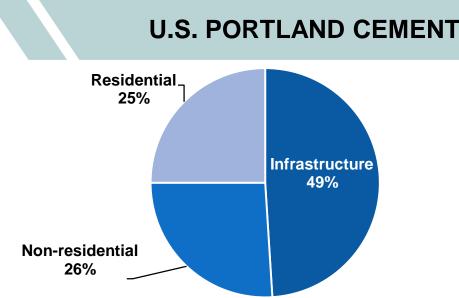
- Continued energy-related industrial activity
- Increased light commercial activity

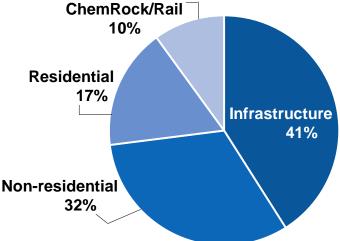
Residential

- Housing permits up double-digits in 2015
- Build-out in 2016 and 2017

ChemRock/Rail

Driven by ballast and agriculture







FIVE QUESTIONS

MARTIN MARIETTA 2015 AGGREGATES PRODUCT LINE

Federal Infrastructure Funding

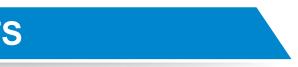
HIGHWAY BILL BENEFITS



Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act, "The FAST Act"

- Multi-year highway bill passed following 36 short-term continuing resolutions
- Provides certainty of funding and visibility to enable longer-term projects
- Federal highway bill strengthens state infrastructure spending initiatives
- New construction as compared to repairs and maintenance is much more aggregates intensive
- Alleviation of state-level uncertainty is particularly relevant for rural markets





State-Level Infrastructure Funding Initiatives











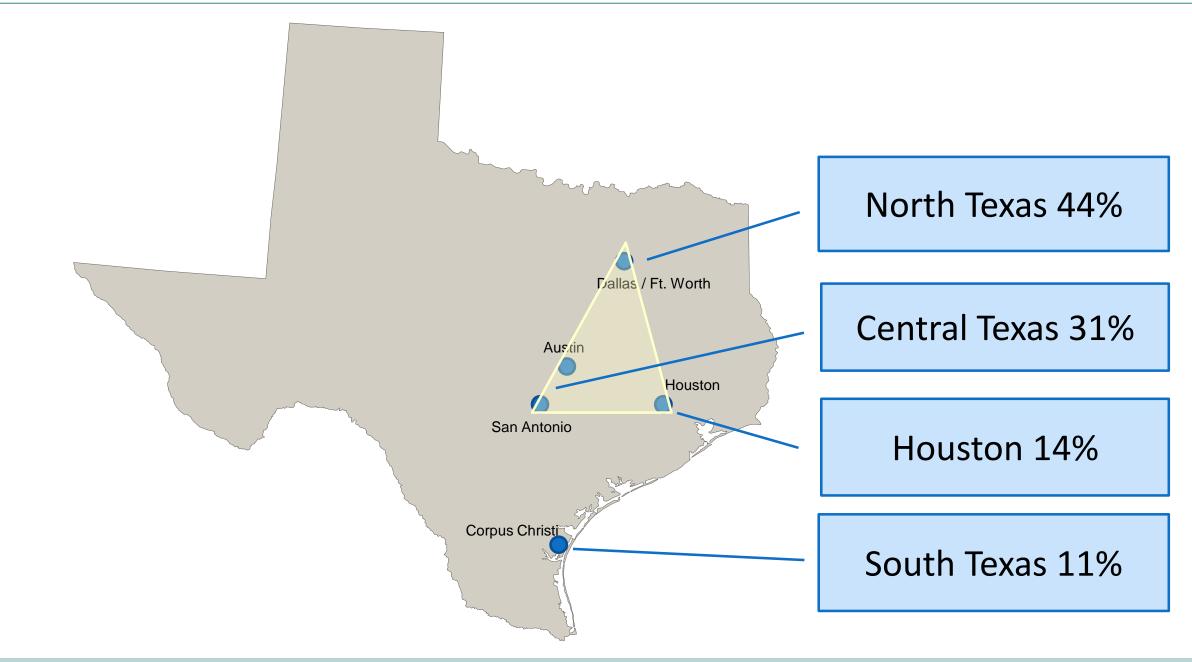


Q3: What is the state of the State of Texas?





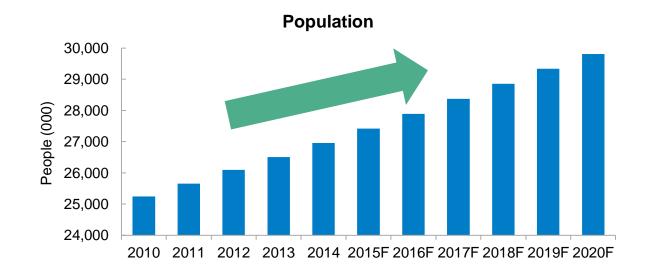
Martin Marietta's Texas Aggregates Shipments

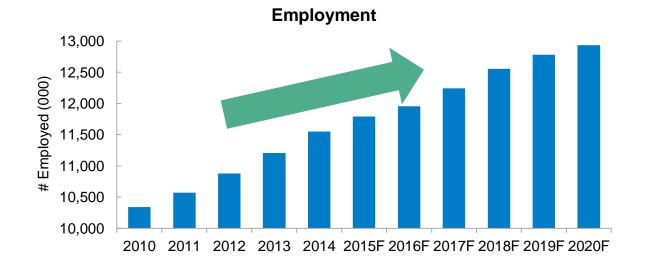


Source: Company Data. Percentage of 2015 Texas aggregates shipments by area.



Texas Continues to Add People and Jobs

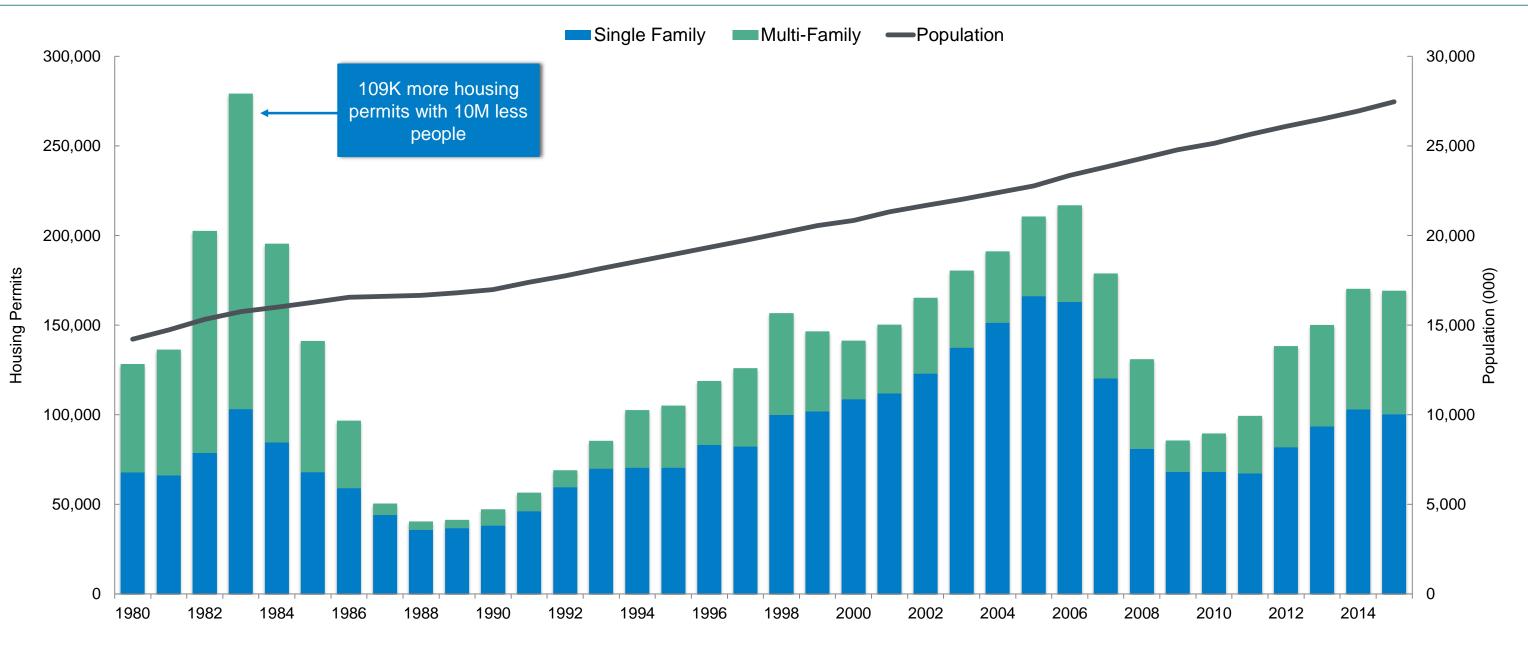




- Above-average population gains
 - Migration —
 - Immigration —
 - Higher birthrate than national average
- Solid foundation of available workers
 - More young people entering prime working years
 - Fewer elderly residents
- Oilfield layoffs being absorbed by other sectors



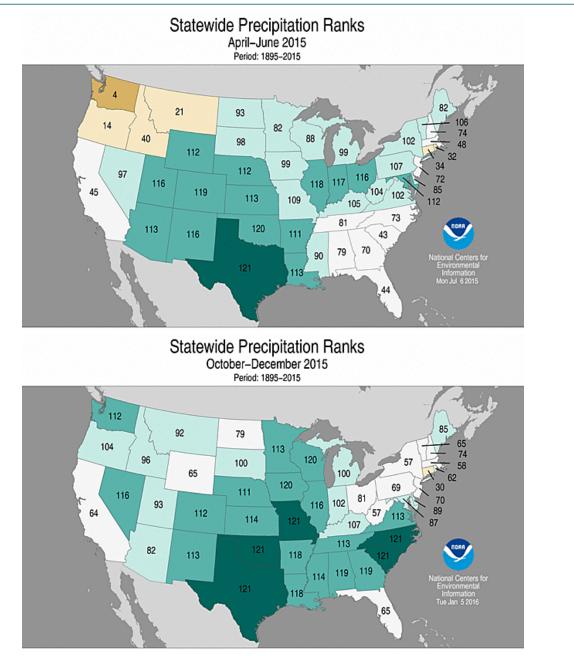
Texas Housing Market Is Not Overbuilt



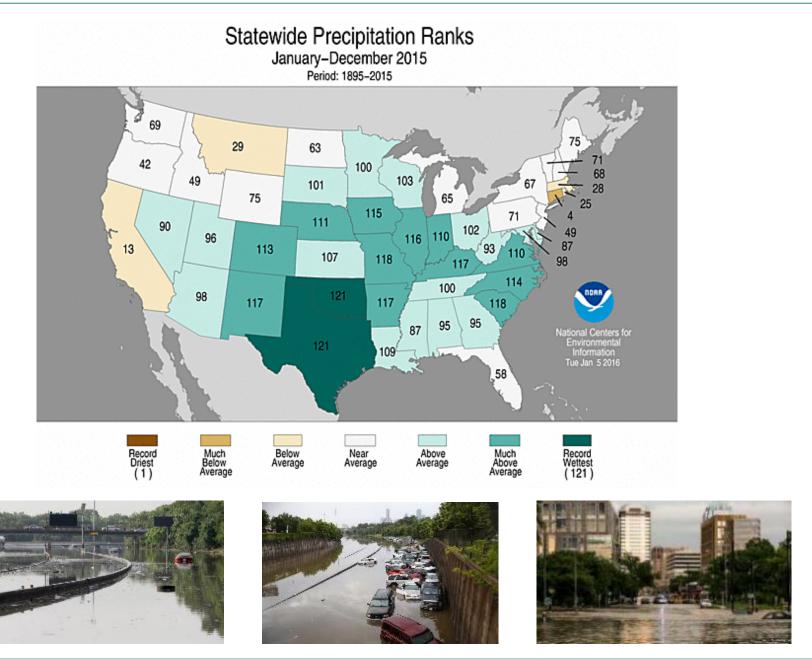
Source: U.S. Bureau of Census and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University



Weather and the Impact on Texas Construction Activity



Source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration



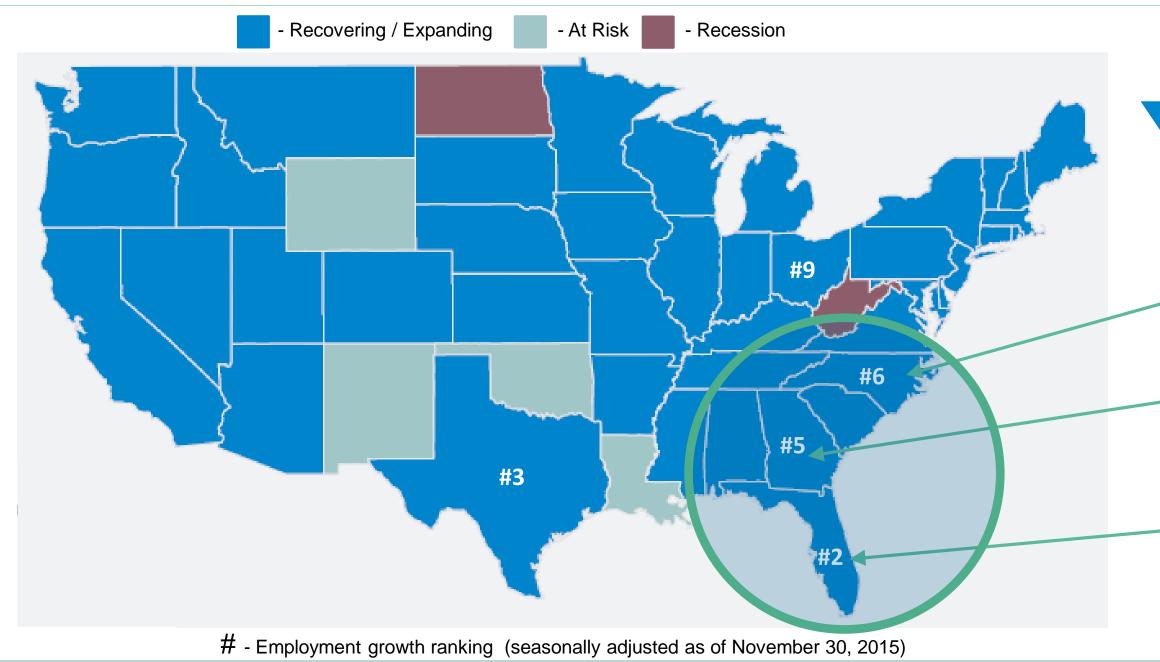




Q4: What does recovery look like in the Southeast U.S.?



Where You Are Matters



Source: Moody's Economy.com Inc.



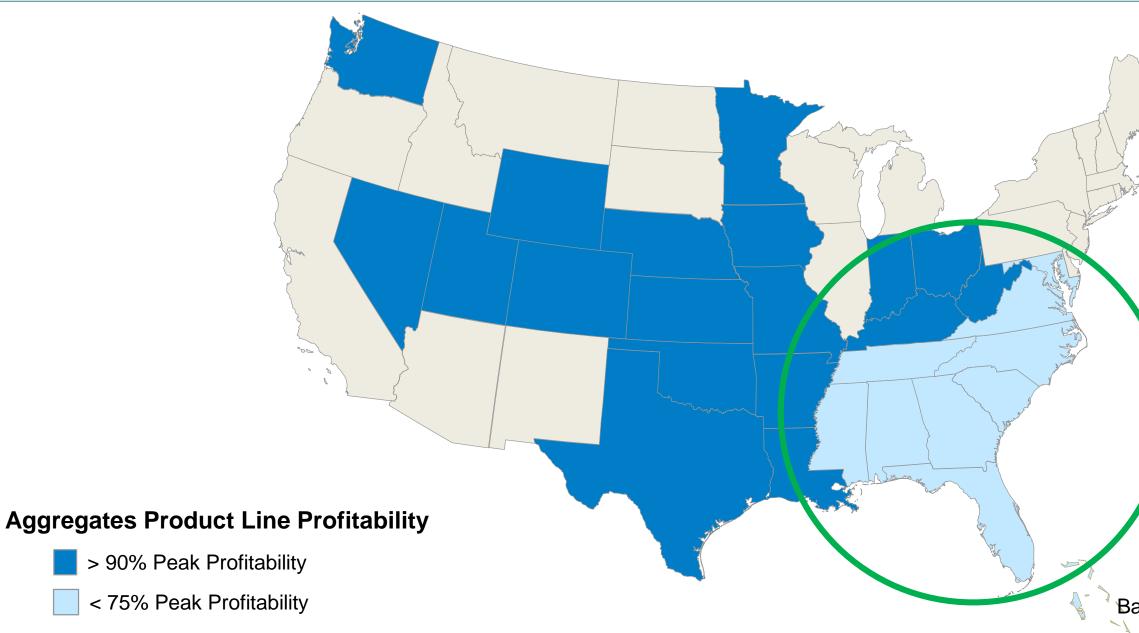








Uneven Recovery Affects Margin Expansion





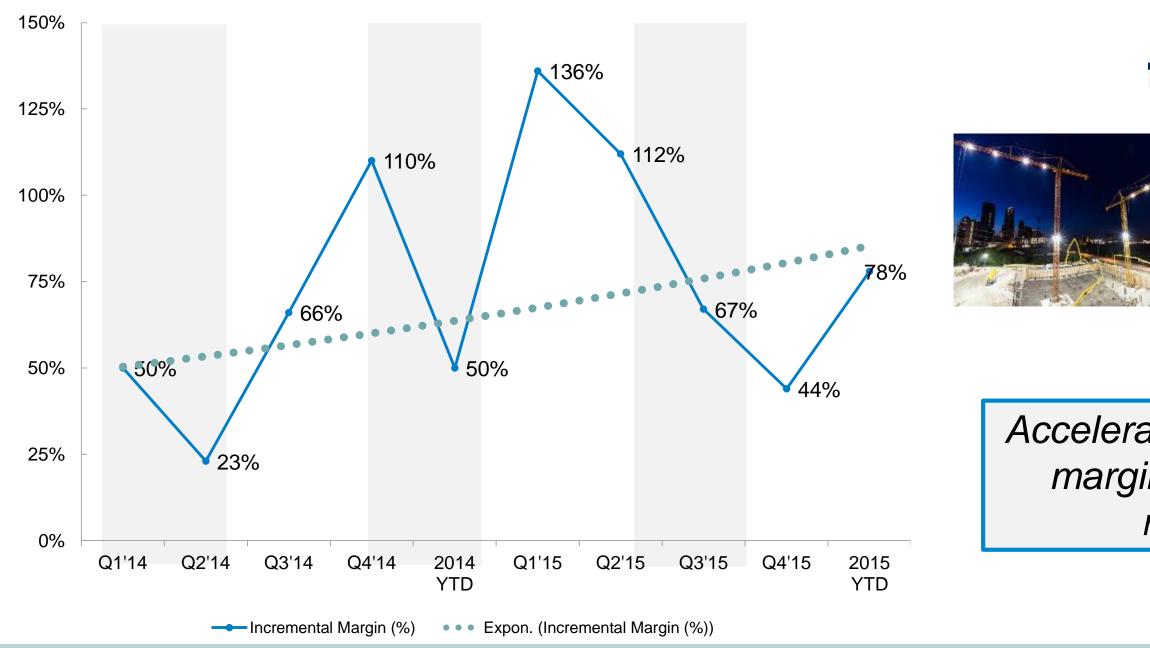




The Bahamas



Southeast Group Performance



NOTE: See Appendix for definition and calculation of incremental margin, a non-GAAP measure.



FIVE QUESTIONS





Accelerating incremental margin with volume recovery

Q5: Who are Martin Marietta's competitors?





Competitive Landscape – 1998





Competitive Landscape – 2015 and beyond







HEIDELBERGCEMENT











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Non-GAAP Measure

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure and is used internally to evaluate financial performance. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not defined by GAAP and, as such, should not be construed as alternatives to net earnings or operating cash flow.

The following table presents the calculation of adjusted EBITDA as presented in the financial results for the 2014 and 2015 quarterly and annual periods.

	Quarter-ended December 31,		Year-e Decem	
(dollars in millions)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net earnings attributable to Martin Marietta	\$ 83.2	\$ 64.0	\$ 288.8	\$ 155.6
Add back:				
Interest expense	18.9	21.1	76.3	66.1
Income tax expense for controlling interests	39.3	35.3	124.9	94.8
Depreciation, depletion & amortization expense	63.0	67.9	260.7	220.5
EBITDA	\$ 204.4	\$ 188.3	\$ 750.7	\$ 537.0
Nonrecurring expenses (acquisition-related expenses, net loss on divestitures and other noncash related charge)	(13.9)	-	16.0	53.8
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 190.5	\$ 188.3	\$ 766.7	\$ 590.8



Non-GAAP Measure (continued)

Adjusted earnings per diluted share is a non-GAAP measure and is used internally to evaluate financial performance. Management believes this measure is indicative of operating leverage, efficiency and economic conditions. Adjusted earnings per diluted share exclude the impact of TXI acquisition-related expenses, net; the impact of the markup of acquired inventory to fair value; and the gain or loss on business divestitures. The Company presents these measures to allow investors to analyze and forecast the Corporation's operating results given that these costs do not reflect the ongoing cost of its operations.

The following table presents the calculation of adjusted earnings per diluted share as presented in the financial results for the 2014 and 2015 quarterly and annual periods.

annual periods.		r-ended ber 31,	Year-ended December 31,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Earnings per diluted share in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles	\$1.26	\$0.94	\$4.29	\$2.71	
Add back:					
Loss on sale of California cement operations			0.31		
TXI acquisition-related expenses, net				0.91	
Impact of selling acquired inventory due to markup to fair value				0.12	
Less:					
Gain on sale of San Antonio asphalt operations	(0.10)		(0.10)		
Adjusted earnings per diluted share	\$1.15	\$0.94	\$4.50	\$3.74	



Non-GAAP Measure (continued)

Incremental gross margin (excluding freight and delivery revenues), expressed as a percentage (%), is a non-GAAP measure and is used internally to evaluate financial performance. Management believes this measure is indicative of operating leverage, efficiency and economic conditions. Due to the significant amount of fixed costs, gross margin (excluding freight and delivery revenues) typically increases at a disproportionate rate in periods of increased shipment activity. Incremental gross margin (excluding freight and delivery revenues) is not defined by GAAP and, as such, should not be construed as alternatives to gross profit or net gross margin.

The following table presents the calculation of incremental gross margin (excluding freight and delivery revenues) for the Southeast Group as presented in the financial results for the 2014 and 2015 guarterly and annual periods.

Southeast Group Performance

Incremental Margin (\$ in 000s)

	2014				2015					
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Year	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Year
Net Sales (Current period)	\$ 55,381	\$ 70,725	\$ 68,042	\$ 60,838	\$254,986	\$ 59,770	\$ 76,483	\$ 78,283	\$ 70,766	\$ 285,302
Net Sales Increase as compared to comparable period prior year		\$ 15,464	\$ 3,171	\$ 5,857	\$ 28,549	\$ 4,389	\$ 5,758	\$ 10,241	\$ 9,928	\$ 30,316
Gross Profit (Current period)		\$ 3,053	\$ 4,650	\$ 5,817	\$ 10,653	\$ 3,099	\$ 9,493	\$ 11,468	\$ 10,137	\$ 34,197
Gross Profit Increase as compared to comparable period prior year	\$ 2,038	\$ 3,604	\$ 2,105	\$ 6,421	\$ 14,168	\$ 5,966	\$ 6,440	\$ 6,818	\$ 4,320	\$ 23,544
Incremental Gross Margin % (excluding freight and delivery revenues)	50%	23%	66%	110%	50%	136%	112%	67%	44%	78%



Non-GAAP Measure (continued)

The following table presents the calculation of incremental gross margin (excluding freight and delivery revenues) for the heritage Aggregates business as presented in the financial results for the year-ended December 31, 2015.

Heritage Aggregates Business Performance

Incremental Gross Margin % (excluding freight and delivery revenues)						
Gross Profit	\$	497,061	\$	366,582	\$	130,
Net Sales	\$	2,090,519	\$	1,931,411	\$	159,
	20	15	2014			arianc
	For th					
(¢ in cocc)						

Incremental Margin (\$ in 000s)

Intrinsic Value of Reserves

The intrinsic value of aggregates reserves represents management's estimate of the value of the 15.6 billion of aggregates reserves, either owned (55%) or leased (45%), at December 31, 2015. The calculation of intrinsic value assumes a royalty rate of \$1.00 per ton for owned reserves and \$0.40 per ton for leased reserves, representing the estimated per ton royalty rate that would be currently paid to replace reserves of the same quality, in the same geographic location and in the same competitive position. The per ton rate for leased reserves reflects a reduction for the current average royalty rate paid for leased reserves. Intrinsic value for reserves, and therefore, the amount currently paid to acquire reserves, varies, sometimes widely, based on the nature and location of the aggregates acquired, among other things. The value of reserves is highly dependent on specific location, quality and other factors.





