

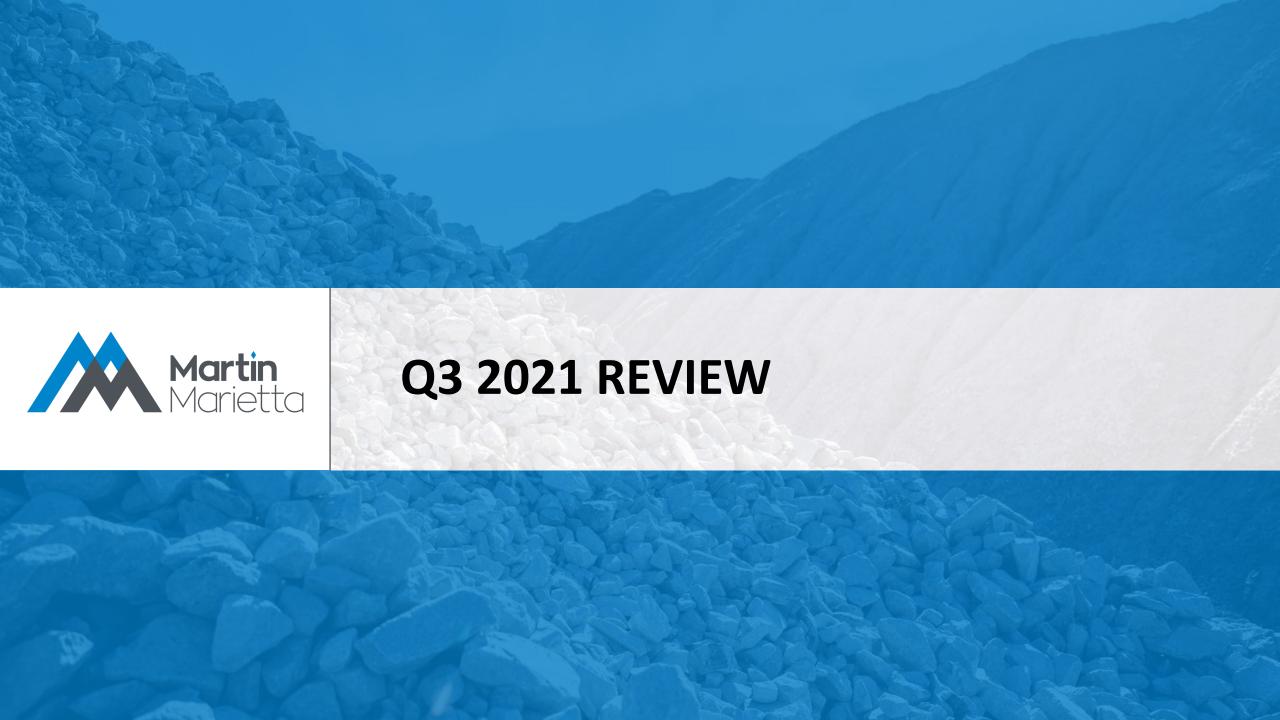
Statement Regarding Safe Harbor for Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation may contain forward-looking statements – that is, information related to future, not past, events. Like other businesses, Martin Marietta (the Company) is subject to risks and uncertainties which could cause its actual results to differ materially from its projections or that could cause forward-looking statements to prove incorrect, including the risks and uncertainties discussed in Martin Marietta's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K, which have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and are readily accessible on the SEC's website and the Company's website. Except as legally required, Martin Marietta undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether resulting from new information, future developments or otherwise.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

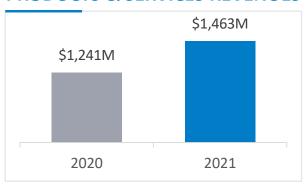
This presentation contains certain financial measures presented on a non-GAAP basis which are defined in the Appendix. These non-GAAP financial measures are not in accordance with, nor are they a substitute for, GAAP measures. Reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures are provided in the Appendix. Management believes these non-GAAP measures are commonly used financial measures for investors to evaluate the Company's operating performance, and when read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements, present a useful tool to evaluate the Company's ongoing operations, performance from period to period and anticipated performance. In addition, these are some of the factors the Company used in internal evaluation of the overall performance of its businesses. Management acknowledges there are many items that impact a company's reported results and the adjustments reflected in these non-GAAP measures are not intended to present all items that may have impacted these results. In addition, these non-GAAP measures are not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.



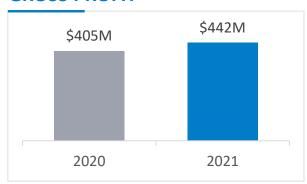


THIRD-QUARTER RESULTS, AS REPORTED

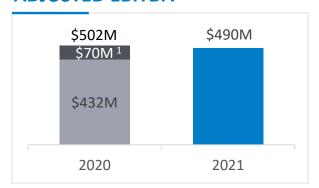
PRODUCTS & SERVICES REVENUES



GROSS PROFIT



ADJUSTED EBITDA*



*Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. See Appendix for reconciliation to nearest GAAP measure.

EARNINGS PER DILUTED SHARE



- Established quarterly records for consolidated and aggregates revenues and gross profit; top-line improvement more than offset higher energy-related costs
- Achieved record Adjusted EBITDA and earnings per diluted share, on comparable basis ¹
- Building Materials business benefitted from organic shipment and pricing growth and value-enhancing acquisitions
- Magnesia Specialties delivered double-digit revenue and profitability growth
- Successful implementation of mid-year price increases in targeted markets supports attractive pricing acceleration

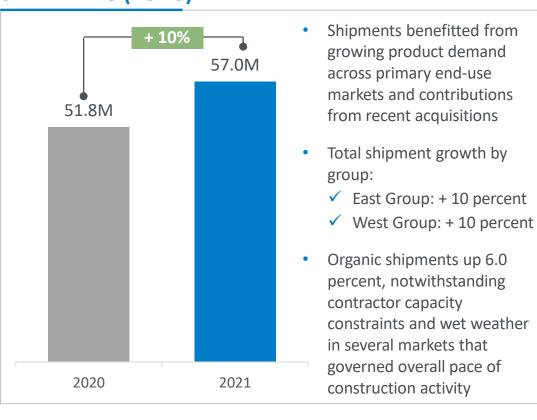
Note: Third-quarter results and trends described in this Supplemental Information may not necessarily be indicative of the Company's future performance.



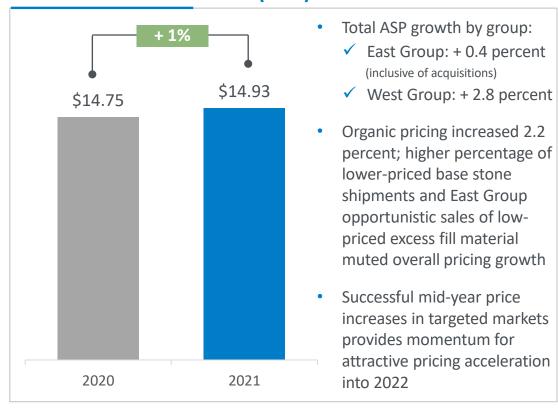
¹Q3 2020 included \$70 million, or \$0.87 per diluted share, of nonrecurring gains on surplus land sales and divested assets that affect quarter-over-quarter comparability

AGGREGATES PERFORMANCE

SHIPMENTS (TONS)



AVERAGE SELLING PRICE (ASP)



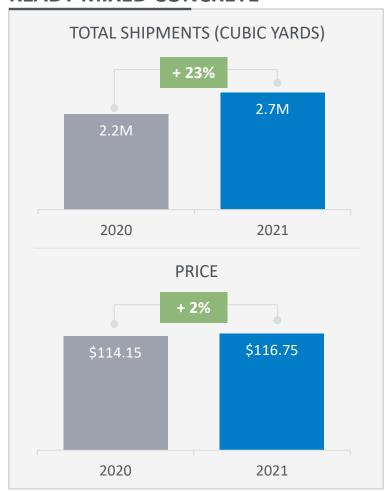


CEMENT AND DOWNSTREAM PERFORMANCE

CEMENT



READY MIXED CONCRETE

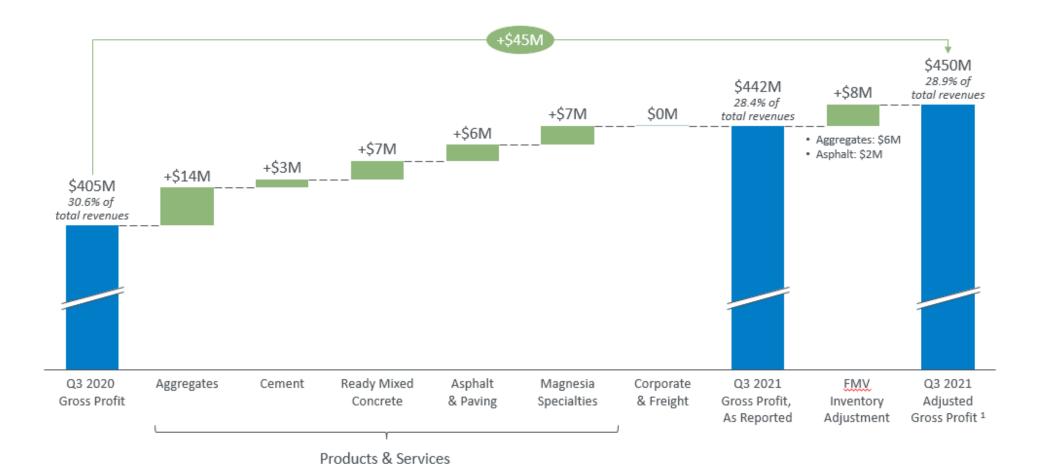


ASPHALT





GROSS PROFIT



- Aggregates profitability improvement attributable to shipment and pricing growth that more than offset higher diesel costs and a \$6 million acquisition-related inventory step up charge.
- Cement product gross margin declined 250 basis points to 37.7 percent, as higher energy and raw material costs more than offset pricing gains.
- Ready mixed concrete product gross margin expanded 10 basis points to 9.8 percent with shipment and pricing growth outpacing higher raw material and diesel costs.
- Asphalt and Paving gross profit was driven by contributions from acquired Minnesotabased operations that more than offset liquid asphalt supply disruptions in Colorado.
- Magnesia Specialties product gross margin improved 100 basis points to 39.0 percent as higher revenues mitigated elevated costs for energy and contract services.



¹ Adjusted gross profit excludes an increase in cost of revenues from the impact of selling acquired inventory after its markup to fair value as part of acquisition accounting. See Appendix for reconciliation to GAAP measure.



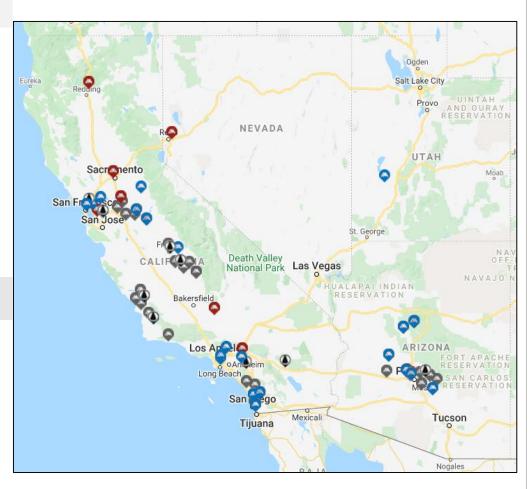
ESTABLISHED WEST COAST PRESENCE VIA LEHIGH WEST REGION

TRANSACTION COMPLETED ON OCTOBER 1, 2021

STRATEGIC RATIONALE

- ✓ Priority SOAR 2025 target
- Coast-to-coast footprint that maintains upstream materialsled profile
- Strategically located in target megaregion markets with attractive long-term demand drivers
- Ability to leverage commercial and operating discipline to drive margin expansion
- West Coast growth platform with bolt-on opportunities

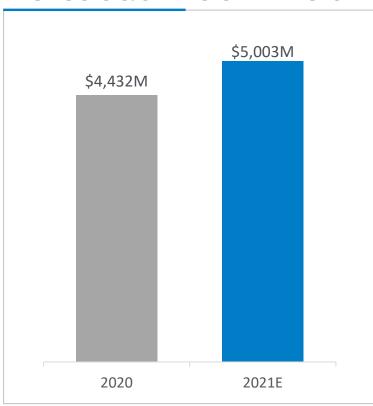
2020 SHIPMENTS Aggregates Cement **2.6M TONS** ~13M TONS **Ready Mix Asphalt** 2.3M **2.8M TONS CUBIC YARDS 2021B EBITDA CONTRIBUTION** Budget as prepared by Lehigh Hanson **Asphalt** 16% **Aggregates** 41% Ready Mix 17% Cement 26%



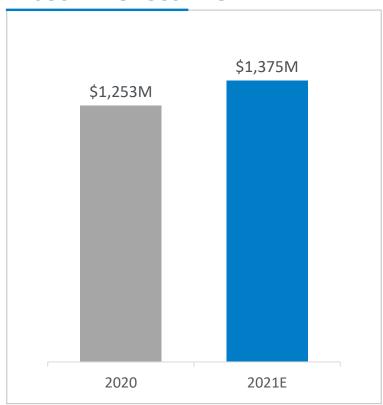


2021 GUIDANCE

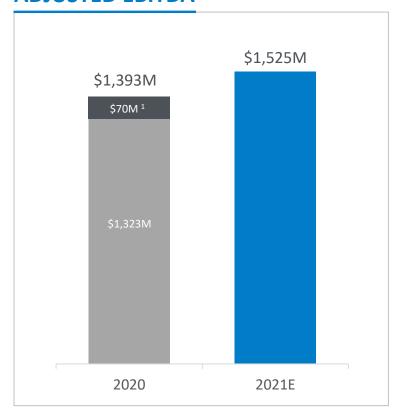
PRODUCTS & SERVICES REVENUES



ADJUSTED GROSS PROFIT *



ADJUSTED EBITDA*



2021E based on midpoint of full-year guidance included in Earnings Release dated November 2, 2021

¹ 2020 Adjusted EBITDA included \$70 million of nonrecurring gains on surplus, non-core land sales and divested assets



^{*} See Appendix for reconciliation to nearest GAAP measure.

DRIVERS OF SUSTAINABLE AGGREGATES-INTENSIVE GROWTH

INFRASTRUCTURE PROVIDES STABLE BASE LEVEL FOR AGGREGATES SHIPMENTS

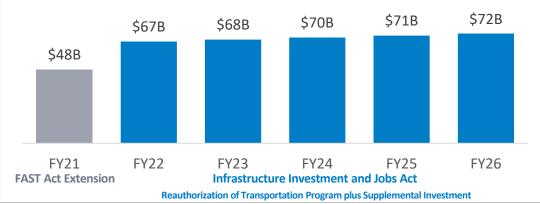
FEDERAL



current: The continuing resolution of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act) maintains current funding levels through December 3, 2021

FUTURE: Passage of Bipartisan Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA Act) at increased funding levels not seen in over 15 years expected by end of 2021

ANNUAL FEDERAL HIGHWAY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS



Source: American Road & Transportation Builders Association (ARTBA).

STATE





DRIVERS OF SUSTAINABLE AGGREGATES-INTENSIVE GROWTH

ACCELERATING E-COMMERCE AND WORK TRENDS REQUIRE INCREASED INVESTMENT



AMAZON FULFILLMENT CENTER

COLORADO SPRINGS, CO
4MM Sqft



WALMART
DISTRIBUTION
CENTER
CHARLESTON, SC

3MM Sqft



5 AMAZON
WAREHOUSES
SAN ANTONIO, TX
5MM Sqft



FACEBOOK
DATA CENTER
DES MOINES, IA

+3MM Sqft

and data centers consume significantly more aggregates than retail and light commercial projects

Warehouses

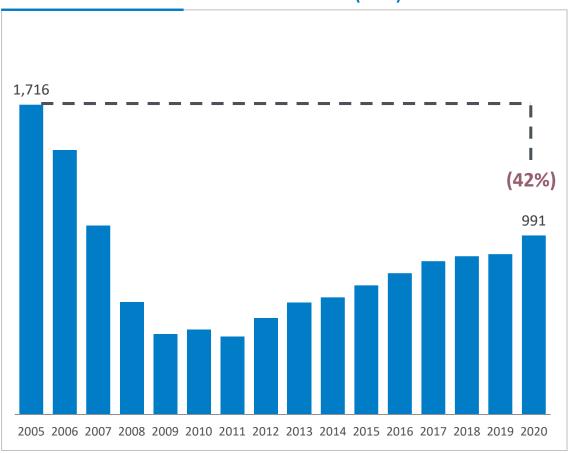
Source: Dodge Data and Analytics.



DRIVERS OF SUSTAINABLE AGGREGATES-INTENSIVE GROWTH

SINGLE-FAMILY DEVELOPMENT REMAINS UNDERBUILT WITH UPSIDE FROM ACCELERATED DEURBANIZATION

SINGLE-FAMILY HOUSING STARTS (000s)



DRAG-ALONG EFFECTS OF COMMUNITY BUILDOUT



NEW RETAIL, COMMERCIAL and **WAREHOUSES** to support new communities



CURBS, SEWERS and
GUTTERS in new residential
development



NEW SCHOOLS,
HEALTHCARE and
MUNICIPAL FACILITIES



NEW ACCESS ROADS, INTERCHANGES and LANE WIDENINGS

Not seasonally adjusted; Source: U.S. Census





ADJUSTED EBITDA

\$ IN MILLIONS

	Q3 2020 ¹	Q3 2021	2020 ¹	2021E
Net earnings attributable to Martin Marietta	\$294	\$255	\$721	\$708
Add back:				
Interest expense, net of interest income	29	44	118	142
Income tax expense for controlling interests	82	64	168	185
Depreciation, depletion and amortization expense and noncash earnings/loss from nonconsolidated equity affiliates	97	112	386	445
Acquisition-related expenses		7		25
Impact of selling acquired inventory after its markup to fair value as part of acquisition accounting		8		20
Adjusted EBITDA	\$502	\$490	\$1,393	\$1,525

Earnings before interest; income taxes; depreciation, depletion and amortization expense; the earnings/loss from nonconsolidated equity affiliates; acquisition-related expenses; and the impact of selling acquired inventory after its markup to fair value as part of acquisition accounting (Adjusted EBITDA) is an indicator used by the Company and investors to evaluate the Company's operating performance from period to period.

Adjusted EBITDA is not defined by generally accepted accounting principles and, as such, should not be construed as an alternative to earnings from operations, net earnings or operating cash flow.

¹ 2020 Adjusted EBITDA included \$70 million of gains on surplus land sales and divested assets. These gains are nonrecurring in nature.



ADJUSTED GROSS PROFIT

\$ IN MILLIONS

	Q3 2021	2021E
Gross profit	\$442	\$1,355
Add back:		
Impact of selling acquired inventory after its markup to fair value as part of acquisition accounting	8	20
Adjusted Gross Profit	\$450	\$1,375
Total revenues	\$1,557	
Adjusted Gross Margin	28.9%	

Adjusted gross profit and adjusted gross margin exclude the impact of selling acquired inventory after its markup to fair value as part of acquisition accounting.

Adjusted gross profit and adjusted gross margin are not defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Management presents these measures for investors and analysts to evaluate and forecast the Company's results, as the impact of selling acquired inventory after its markup to fair value as part of acquisition accounting is nonrecurring.



