MARTIN MARIETTA 2024 INVESTOR UPDATE

MAY 6, 2024

Statement Regarding Safe Harbor for Forward-Looking Statements

Investors are cautioned that all statements herein that relate to the future involve risks and uncertainties, and are based on assumptions that the Company believes in good faith are reasonable but which may be materially different from actual results. These statements, which are forward-looking statements under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, provide the investor with the Company's expectations or forecasts of future events. You can identify these statements by the fact that they do not relate only to historical or current facts. They may use words such as "guidance", "anticipate", "may", "expect", "should", "believe", "will", and other words of similar meaning in connection with future events or future operating or financial performance. Any or all of the Company's forward-looking statements here and in other publications may turn out to be wrong.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This material contains financial measures that have not been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). Reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the closest GAAP measures are included in the accompanying Appendix. Management believes these non-GAAP measures are commonly used financial measures for investors to evaluate the Company's operating performance and, when read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements, present a useful tool to evaluate the Company's ongoing operations, performance from period to period and anticipated performance. In addition, these are some of the factors the Company uses in internal evaluations of the overall performance of its businesses. Management acknowledges that there are many items that impact reported results and the adjustments reflected in these results. In addition, these non-GAAP measures are not intended to present all items that may have impacted these results. In addition, these non-GAAP measures are not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

Results and Trends

Results and trends described in this Supplemental Information may not necessarily be indicative of the Company's future performance.



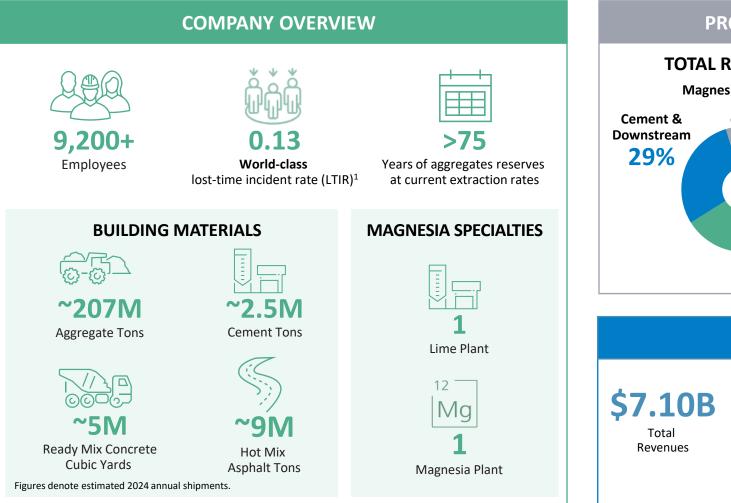




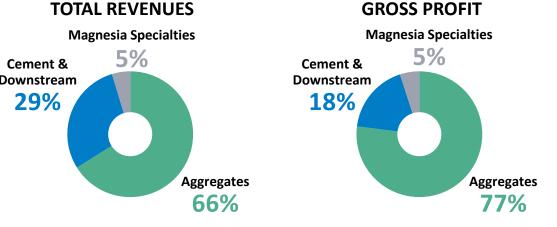
COMPANY OVERVIEW



MARTIN MARIETTA AT A GLANCE



PRODUCT MIX (2024 Guidance Midpoint)



FULL YEAR 2024 GUIDANCE

\$2.26B Net Earnings from

Continuing Operations

Attributable to Martin

Marietta²

\$2.37B

EBITDA³

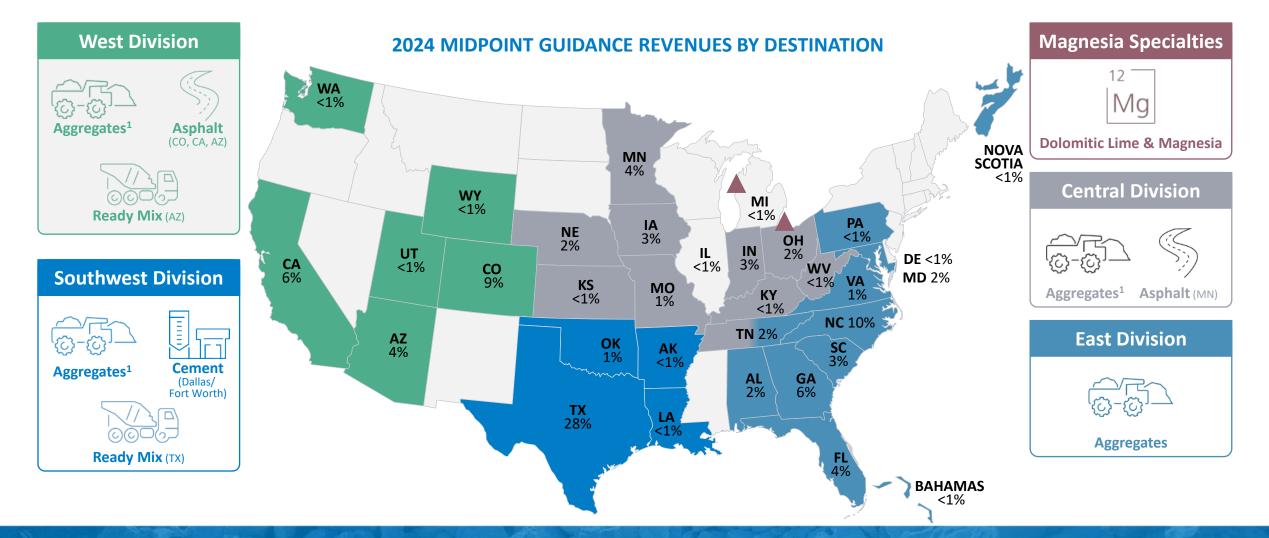
1.4x

Net Leverage Ratio expected as of December 31, 2024



Note: All metrics include the recently closed BWI acquisition
1. Safety data current as of 12/31/23; LTIR rate per 200,000 man hours worked.
2. Net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Martin Marietta includes \$0.9 billion for a gain on a divestiture partially offset by a noncash asset and portfolio rationalization charge, acquisition, divestiture and integration expenses and fair market value inventory adjustment.
3. Adjusted EBITDA is a Non-GAAP measure. See Appendix for reconciliation to nearest GAAP measure.

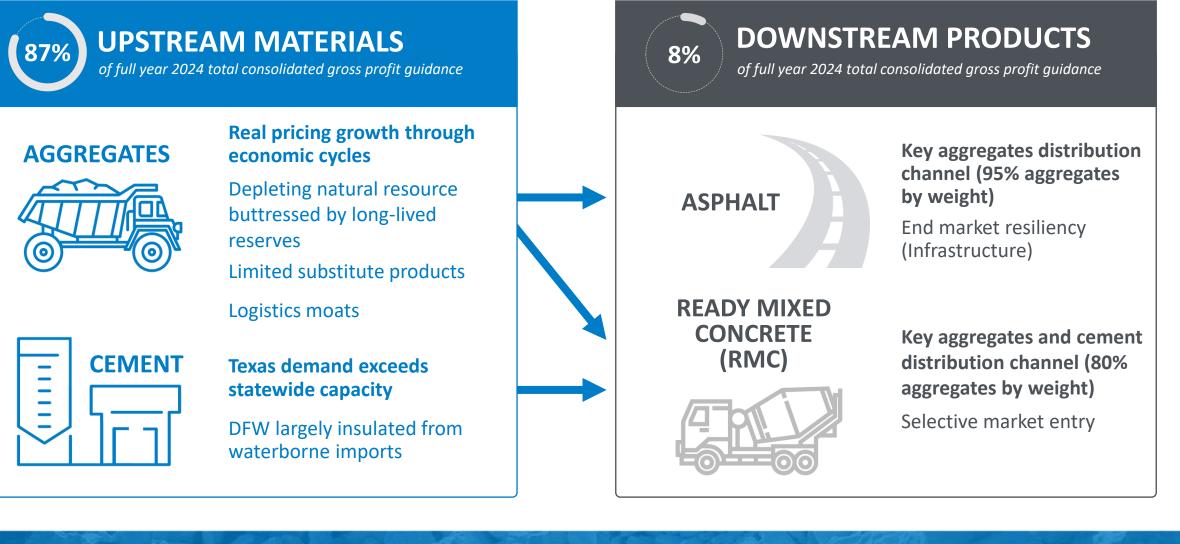
STRATEGICALLY LOCATED IN HIGH-GROWTH MARKETS





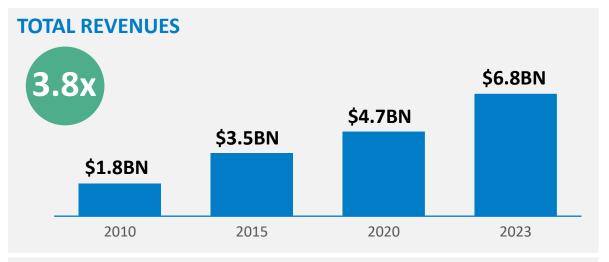
Source: Company data 1. Includes recycled aggregates operations

VALUE PROPOSITION OF BUILDING MATERIALS SUPPLY CHAIN

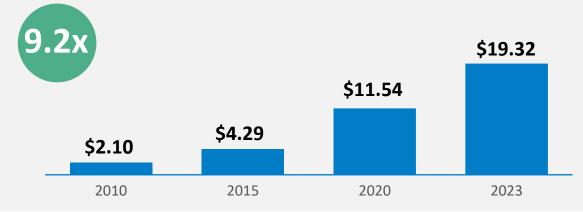




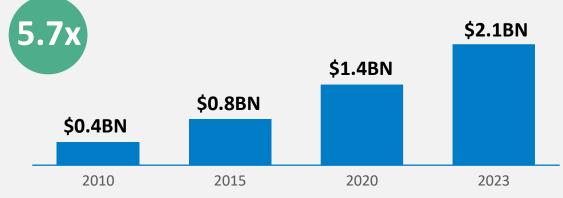
OUR STRATEGIC OPERATING ANALYSIS & REVIEW (SOAR) PLAN PROVIDES A LONG TRACK RECORD OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE



DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE





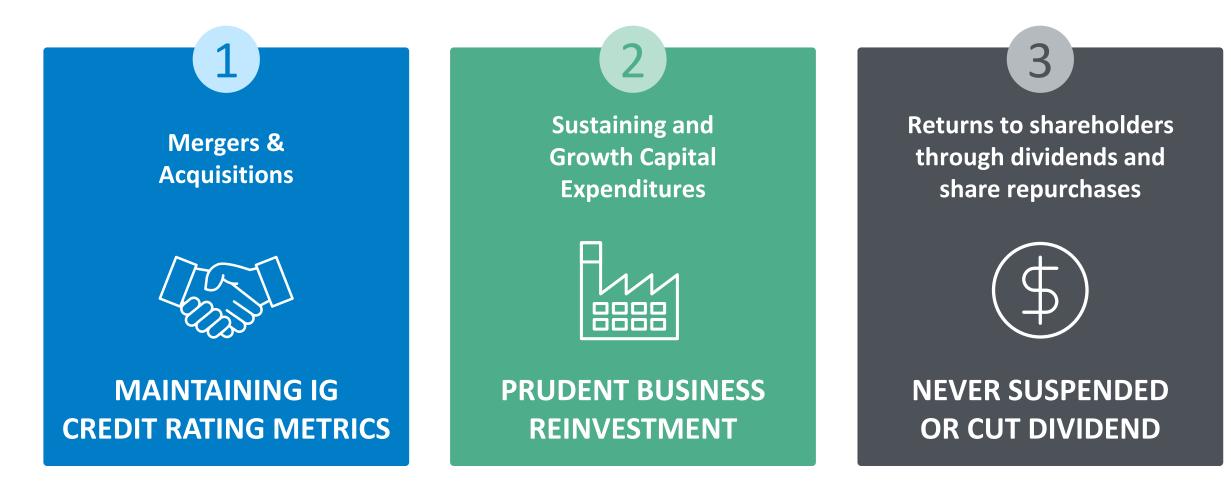


TOTAL SHAREHOLDER RETURNS





SOAR'S DISCIPLINED CAPITAL ALLOCATION APPROACH







INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS



INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS



Pricing growth through cycles drives compounding unit margins



Diversified end market exposure reduces cyclical demand volatility Disciplined execution of a proven strategic plan: SOAR Strong balance sheet and significant opportunities for acquisitive growth



PRICING GROWTH THROUGH CYCLES UNDERPINS THE INVESTMENT THESIS...



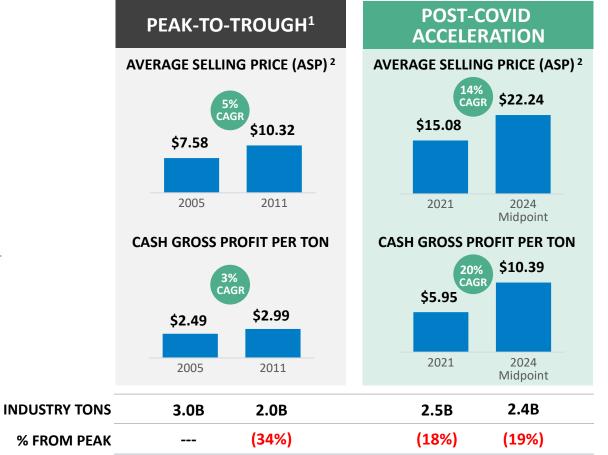
MARKET-BASED VALUE DRIVERS

Diminishing natural resources Barriers to entry for new supply Limited substitute products Value-to-weight ratio/logistical moats

COMPANY SPECIFIC VALUE DRIVERS

Value-over-volume commercial strategy Flexible cash cost structure

Operational excellence



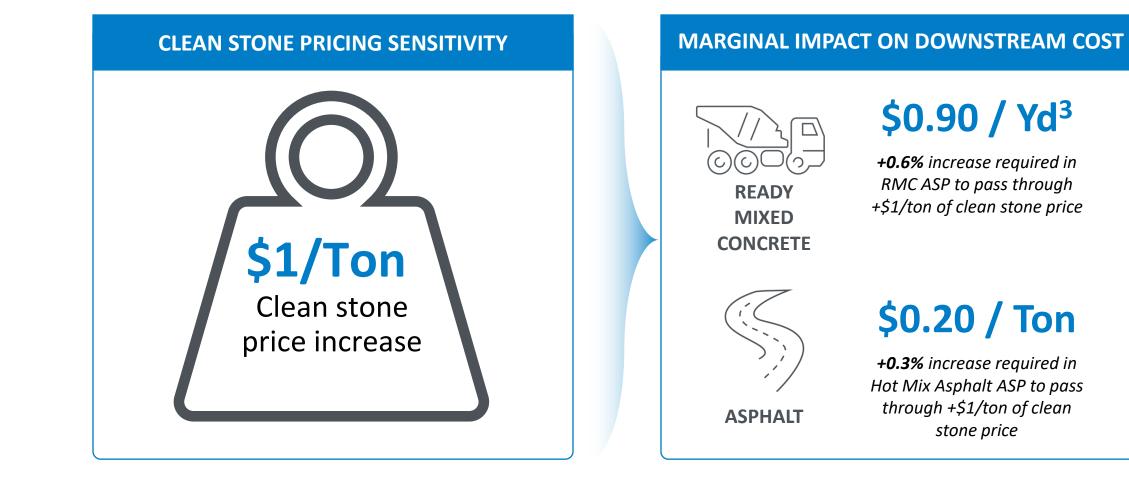
STRUCTURALLY IMPROVED UNIT PROFITABILIY ON FEWER TONS



1.Peak-to-trough timeframe represents peak Martin Marietta aggregates shipments in 2005 and Great Recession industry trough in 2011. 2.Actual prices are determined locally based on a variety of factors Source: U.S. Geological Survey for industry tons

...SUPPORTED BY AGGREGATES' LOW INPUT COST IN DOWNSTREAM PRODUCTS

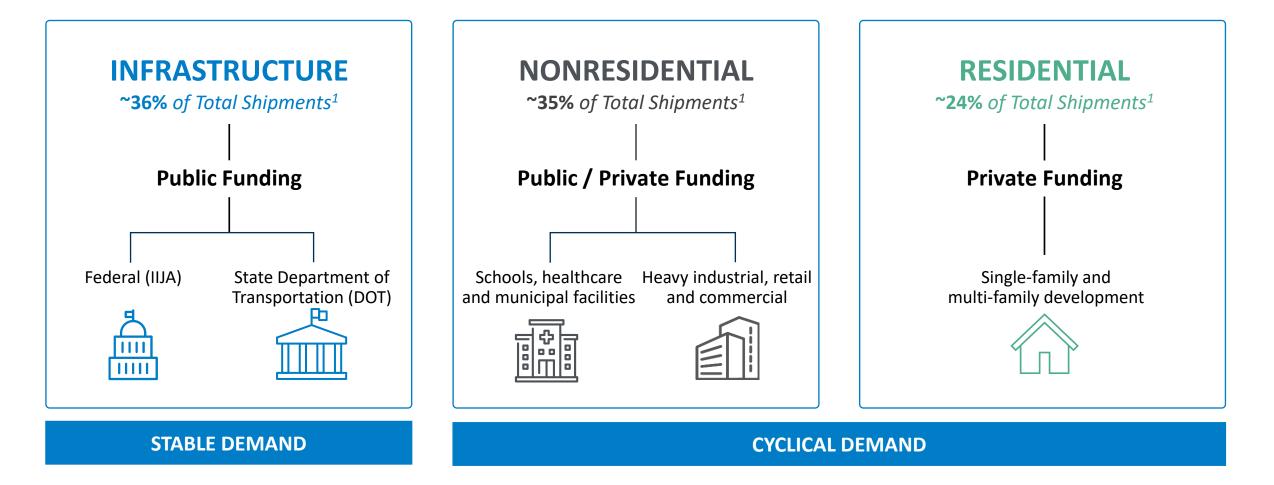






DIVERSIFIED END MARKET EXPOSURE AND PUBLIC FUNDING REDUCES CYCLICAL DEMAND VOLATILITY...







...WITH CURRENT AGGREGATES DEMAND WELL BELOW **PRIOR PEAK**

AGGREGATES PRODUCTION TENDS TO FOLLOW SINGLE-FAMILY (SF) HOUSING STARTS WITH A LAG



Source: U.S. Census Bureau and U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

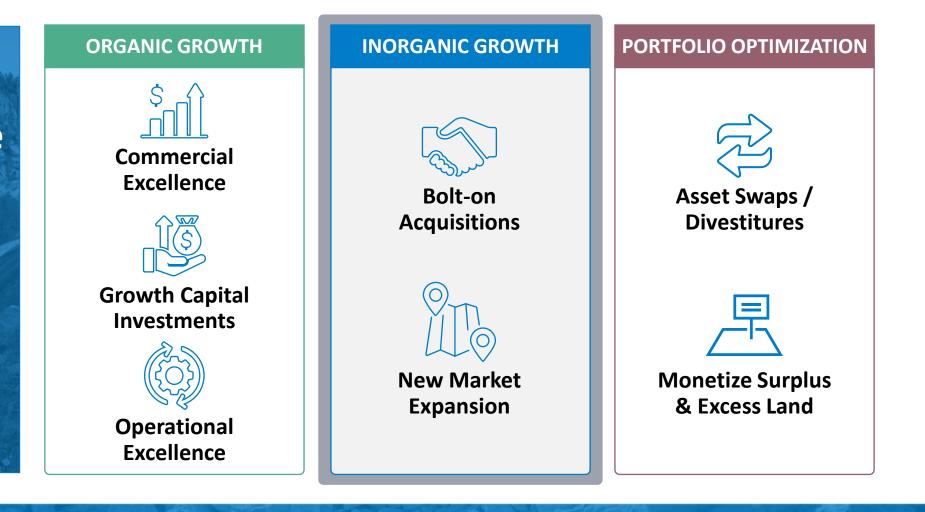
Single-Family Housing Starts (Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate)



SOAR GROWTH PILLARS PROVIDE FRAMEWORK FOR CAPITAL DEPLOYMENT...



Drive profitable materials growth while maximizing shareholder value

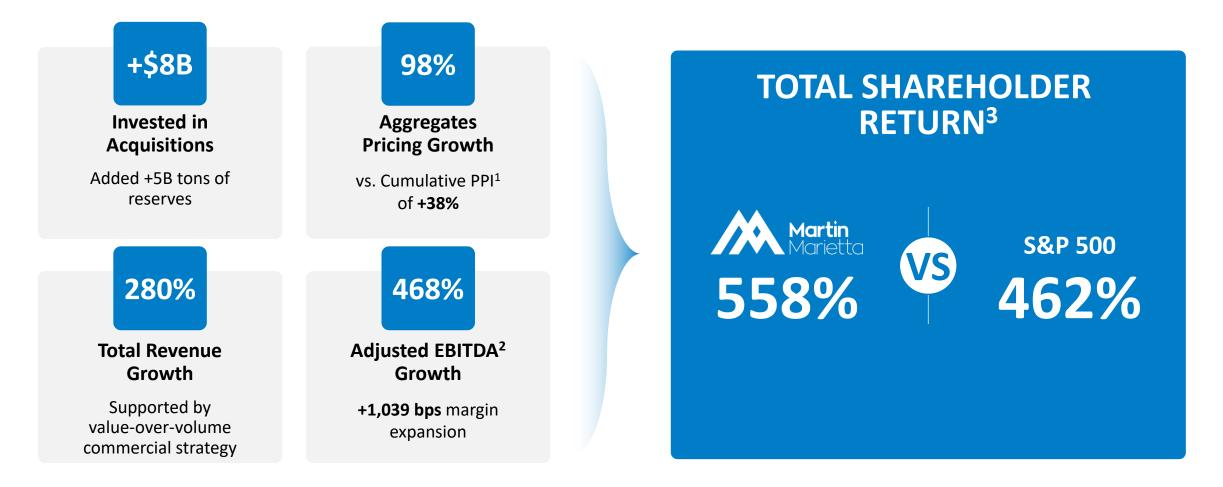




...WITH DEMONSTRATED RESULTS FROM EXECUTION



Results since inaugural SOAR launch in 2010 through 2023





1.Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics 2.Non-GAAP financial measure. See Appendix for reconciliation to nearest GAAP measure. 3.Total Shareholder Return reflective of the period 12/31/2009 through 12/31/2023

STRONG BALANCE SHEET AND UNRIVALED OPPORTUNITIES FOR ATTRACTIVE ACQUISITIVE GROWTH



FAVORABLE LEVERAGE POSITION

BBB+

Credit Rating

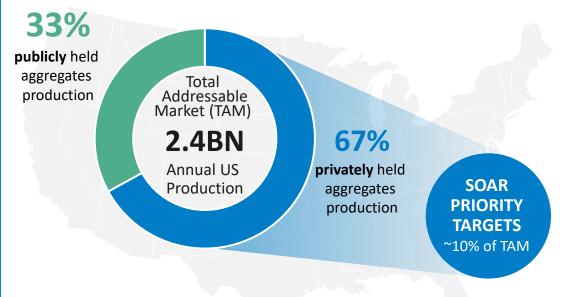
Net Leverage Ratio Expected as of December 31, 2024

1.4x

~\$4-5 BILLION

Acquisition firepower while maintaining Investment Grade rating leverage parameters

ROBUST AND ACTIVE M&A PIPELINE IN FRAGMENTED INDUSTRY



Priority M&A targets represent ~215 MILLION TONS of incremental annual production



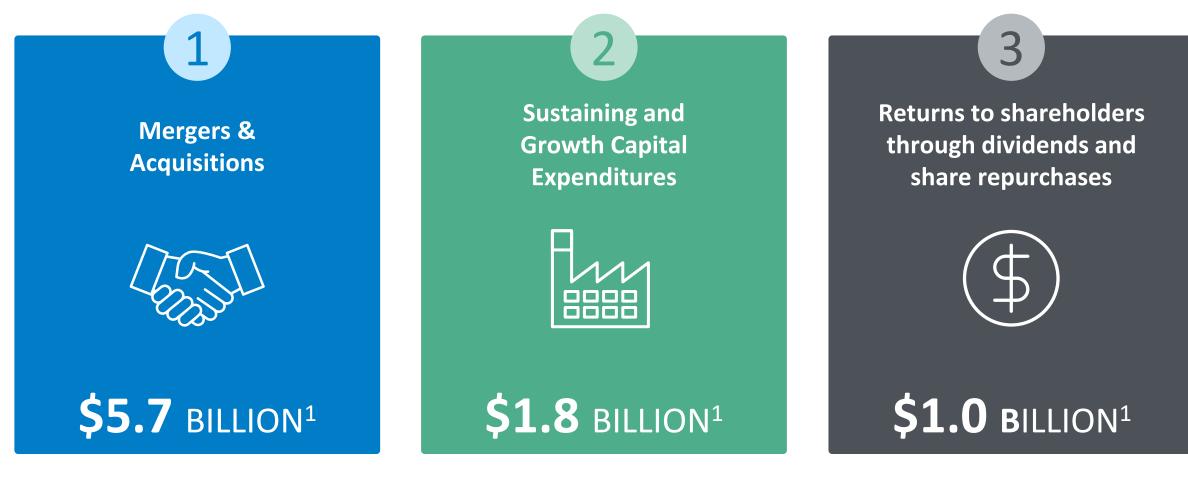


SOAR 2025 PROGRESS





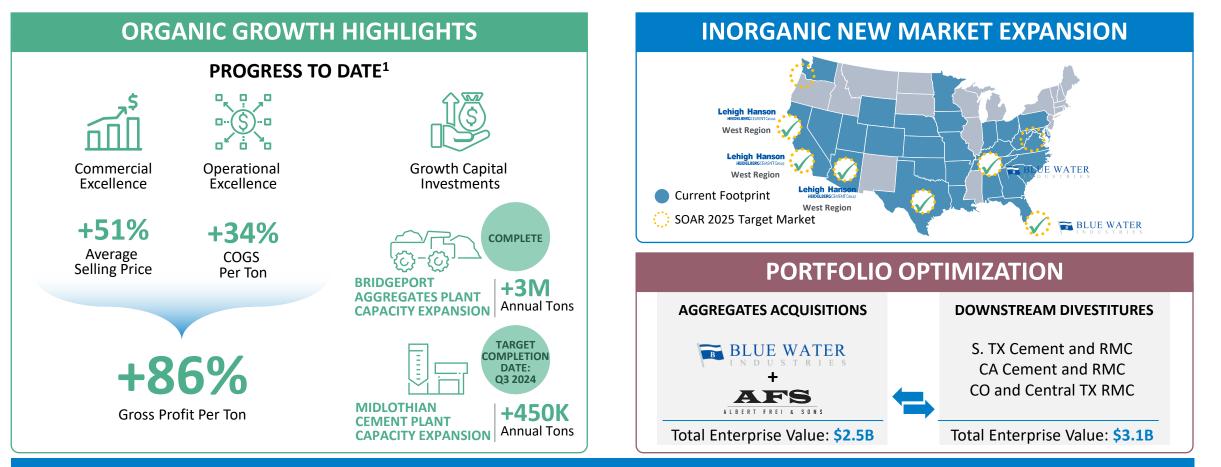
SOAR 2025 CAPITAL DEPLOYMENT CONSISTENT WITH CAPITAL ALLOCATION PRIORITIES





PRUDENTLY DELIVERING ON SOAR 2025 OBJECTIVES FROM FEBRUARY 2021 INVESTOR DAY...





TOTAL SHAREHOLDER RETURN OF 116% (12/31/2020 - 5/6/2024)



...AND AGAIN DOUBLING OUR MARKET CAPITALIZATION

SOAR

88

MARKET CAP (12-31-15)

\$0 А́ **\$4.2В** Маккет сар (12-31-10)



\$37.0B

MARKET CAP (5-6-24)

2025

MARKET CAP (12-31-20)



2024 GUIDANCE AND END MARKET OUTLOOK



2024 GUIDANCE SUMMARY

Note: all percentages below represent change over prior year

KEY DRIVERS

AGGREGATES

- Strength in infrastructure and heavy nonresidential construction markets offset by softer warehouse, light non-residential and residential
- Realization of January 1, 2024 price increases
- Moderating inflation across cost categories
- Acquisition contributions

207M

Shipment Tons

+4%

\$1.75B

Gross Profit³

+27%

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

\$7.10B Total Revenues

+5%

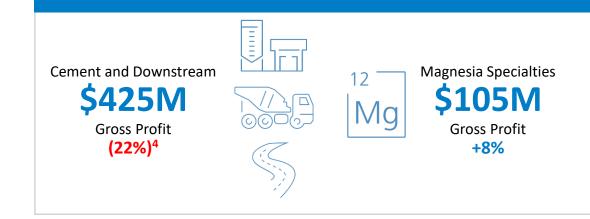
\$2.26B

Net Earnings from Continuing

Operations Attributable

to Martin Marietta¹ +88% \$2.37B Adjusted EBITDA² 11%

OTHER PRODUCTS AND SERVICES



2024 figures based on midpoint of full-year guidance included in Q1 2024 Earnings Release



- 1. Net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Martin Marietta includes \$0.9 billion for a gain on a divestiture partially offset by a noncash asset and portfolio rationalization charge, acquisition, divestiture and integration expenses and fair market value inventory adjustment.
- 2.Adjusted EBITDA is a Non-GAAP financial measure; see Appendix for reconciliation to nearest GAAP measure.

\$22.24

ASP

+12%

\$8.45

Gross Profit Per Ton³

+22%

3. Aggregates gross profit and aggregates gross profit per ton includes an estimated \$30 million impact of selling acquired inventory after its markup to fair market value as part of acquisition accounting.

4. Cement and downstream gross profit decrease of 22% is primarily due to the February 2024 divestiture of the South Texas cement plant and related concrete operations.

2024 END MARKET OUTLOOK

INFRASTRUCTURE



- Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA)
- Record state DOT budgets
- State and local ballot initiatives

NON-RESIDENTIAL



- Manufacturing / reshoring
- + Data centers
- Warehouses
- Office / retail

RESIDENTIAL



- Favorable population trends
- Structural deficit + lock-in effect supports new construction
- Affordability challenges





APPENDIX



ADJUSTED EBITDA

\$ in Millions

	Year Ended Dec 31, 2010	Year Ended Dec 31, 2015	Year Ended Dec 31, 2020	Year Ended Dec 31, 2023	Year Ended Dec 31, 2024 (Midpoint Guidance)
Net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Martin Marietta	\$97	\$289	\$721	\$1,200	\$2,255
Add back (Deduct):					
Interest expense, net of interest income	69	76	118	119	110
Income tax expense for controlling interests	29	125	168	292	675
Depreciation, depletion and amortization expense and earnings/loss from nonconsolidated equity affiliates	180	261	386	505	560
Acquisition, divestiture and integration expenses	-	-	-	12	22
Impact of selling acquired inventory after its markup to fair value as part of acquisition accounting	-	-	-	-	30
Nonrecurring gain on divestiture	-	-	-	-	(1,331)
Noncash asset and portfolio rationalization charge	-	-	-	-	49
Adjusted EBITDA	\$375	\$751	\$1,393	\$2,128	\$2,370
Total Revenues	\$1,783	\$3,540	\$4,730	\$6,777	\$7,100
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	21%	21%	29%	31%	33%

Earnings from continuing operations before interest; income taxes; depreciation, depletion and amortization expense; the earnings/loss from nonconsolidated equity affiliates; effective January 1, 2024, for transactions with at least \$2 billion in consideration and transaction expenses expected to exceed \$15 million, acquisition-related expenses and the impact of selling acquired inventory after its markup to fair value as part of acquisition accounting; nonrecurring gain on the divestiture; and noncash asset and portfolio rationalization charge (Adjusted EBITDA) is an indicator used by the Company and investors to evaluate the Company's operating performance from period to period.

Adjusted EBITDA is not defined by GAAP and, as such, should not be construed as an alternative to earnings from operations, net earnings or operating cash flow.



CASH GROSS PROFIT PER TON

In Millions, except Per Ton

	Year Ended Dec 31, 2005 ¹	Year Ended Dec 31, 2011 ¹	Year Ended Dec 31, 2021 ¹	Year Ended Dec 31, 2024 (Midpoint Guidance)
Aggregates Gross Profit	\$390	\$223	\$908	\$1,750²
Add back:				
Depreciation, depletion and amortization expense	118	153	289	403
Cash Gross Profit	\$508	\$376	\$1,197	\$2,154
Shipments	204	126	201	207
Cash Gross Profit Per Ton	\$2.49	\$2.99	\$5.95	\$10.39

Aggregates cash gross profit per ton is an indicator used by the Company and investors to evaluate the Company's operating performance from period to period.

Cash gross profit adds back noncash charges for depreciation, depletion and amortization to gross profit.

Cash gross profit is not defined by generally accepted accounting principles and, as such, should not be construed as an alternative to gross profit or other earnings or cash flow measures defined by GAAP.

Aggregates cash gross profit per ton is computed by dividing aggregates cash gross profit by tons shipped.



1. Gross Profit, depreciation, depletion and amortization expense and shipments for the periods ended December 31, 2005, December 31, 2011, and December 31, 2021, were reclassified to reflect current reporting methodology.

2.Aggregates gross profit includes an estimated \$30 million impact of selling acquired inventory after its markup to fair value as part of acquisition accounting.